# OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE POSTAL RATE COMMISSION

| In the Matter of:          | ) |            |          |
|----------------------------|---|------------|----------|
|                            | ) |            |          |
| EXPERIMENTAL SUSPENSION    | ) | Docket No. | MC2001-2 |
| OF FEE FOR MANUAL DELIVERY | ) |            | R2001-2  |

VOLUME #3

L RATE GOMMIS:

Date:

November 1, 2001

CONFIRMATION CATEGORY

Place:

Washington, D.C.

Pages:

203 through 288

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#### POSTAL RATE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

EXPERIMENTAL SUSPENSION

OF FEE FOR MANUAL DELIVERY

CONFIRMATION CATEGORY

)

ON MC2001-2

R2001-2

Room 300 Postal Rate Commission 1333 H Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

Volume 3 Thursday, November 1, 2001

The above-entitled matter came on for hearing pursuant to notice, at 9:33 a.m.

#### BEFORE:

HON. GEORGE A. OMAS, VICE-CHAIRMAN HON. DANA B. "DANNY" COVINGTON, COMMISSIONER HON. RUTH Y. GOLDWAY, COMMISSIONER HON. W.H. "TREY" LEBLANC, COMMISSIONER

#### APPEARANCES:

#### On behalf of the United States Postal Service:

MICHAEL TIDWELL, Esquire FRANK HESELTON, Esquire United States Postal Service 475 L'Enfant Plaza, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20260 (202) 268-2998

APPEARANCES: (cont'd.)

### On behalf of the United Parcel Service:

JOHN E. MCKEEVER, Esquire Piper, Marbury, Rudnick & Wolfe, L.L.P. 3400 Two Logan Square 18th & Arch Streets Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103 (205) 656-3310

# On behalf of the Postal Rate Commission, Office of the Consumer Advocate:

SHELLEY S. DREIFUSS, Esquire Postal Rate Commission Office of the Consumer Advocate 1333 H Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20268 (202) 789-6837

### <u>C</u> <u>O</u> <u>N</u> <u>T</u> <u>E</u> <u>N</u> <u>T</u> <u>S</u>

### WITNESSES APPEARING: LARRY F. DARBY KATHIE J. KLASS

|   |          |         |          |         | VOIR |  |  |  |
|---|----------|---------|----------|---------|------|--|--|--|
| <u>WITNESSES:</u>   | DIRECT   | CROSS   | REDIRECT | RECROSS | DIRE |  |  |  |
| Larry F. Darby<br>By Mr. Heselton   | 230<br>  | <br>256 |          |         |      |  |  |  |
| Kathie J. Klass   | 272      |         |          |         |      |  |  |  |
|   |          |         |          |         |      |  |  |  |
| DOCUMENTS TRANSCRIBED   | INTO TH  | E RECOR | <u>D</u> |         | PAGE |  |  |  |
| Response of Postal Se<br>O'Hara to Interrogato<br>Parcel Service, UPS/U   | ries of  | United  |          |         | 211  |  |  |  |
| Response of Postal Se<br>O'Hara to Question No<br>Commission Posed at 1   | . 1 From | Postal  |          |         | 224  |  |  |  |
| Response of Postal Service Witness<br>O'Hara to Question No. 2 From Postal Rate<br>Commission Posed at 10-23-01 Hearing |          |         |          |         |      |  |  |  |
| Direct Testimony of L<br>behalf of United Parc<br>UPS-T-1   |          |         |          |         | 232  |  |  |  |
| Direct Testimony of K<br>behalf of the Office<br>Advocate, OCA-T-1  |          |         |          |         | 275  |  |  |  |

### <u>EXHIBITS</u>

| EXHIBITS AND/OR TESTIMONY  | IDENTIFIED | RECEIVED |
|--|------------|----------|
| Response of Postal Service Witness<br>O'Hara to Interrogatories of United<br>Parcel Service, UPS/USPS-T-1-44               | 210        | 210      |
| Response of Postal Service Witness<br>O'Hara to Question No. 1 from Postal<br>Rate Commission Posed at 10-23-01<br>Hearing | 223        | 223      |
| Response of Postal Service Witness<br>O'Hara to Question No. 2 From Postal<br>Rate Commission Posed at 10-23-01<br>Hearing | 223        | 223      |
| Direct Testimony of Larry Darby on<br>behalf of United Parcel Service,<br>UPS-T-1  | 230        | 231      |
| Direct Testimony of Kathie Klass on<br>behalf of the Office of the Consumer<br>Advocate, OCA-T-1                           | 272        | 274      |

| 1  | <u>PROCEEDINGS</u>   |
|----|--|
| 2  | (9:33 a.m.)  |
| 3  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Good morning to everyone.            |
| 4  | Today we continue hearings in Docket No. R2001-2 and         |
| 5  | MC2001-2. We're here today for the purposes of receiving     |
| 6  | testimony filed on behalf of Intervenor, United Parcel       |
| 7  | Service, and the Commission's Office of the Consumer         |
| 8  | Advocate in response to the direct case of the United States |
| 9  | Postal Service.  |
| 10 | Before the testimony, let us address some                    |
| 11 | housekeeping matters in this case. On October 25, two days   |
| 12 | after the hearing on the Postal Service case in chief, the   |
| 13 | Service filed the response of Witness O'Hara to four         |
| 14 | outstanding interrogatories, together with a motion for      |
| 15 | their late acceptance. On the following day, the Postal      |
| 16 | Service filed another motion for late acceptance, together   |
| 17 | with responses to three additional interrogatories plus      |
| 18 | Witness O'Hara's written response to questions poised from   |
| 19 | the bench during the hearing on October 23.                  |
| 20 | Now, at this time does any party wish to respond             |
| 21 | to the Postal Service motion for acceptance of the late      |
| 22 | filed interrogatory responses? Mr. McKeever?                 |
| 23 | MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, we certainly have            |
| 24 | no objection to the fact that they were filed late. We       |
| 25 | would appreciate the opportunity to have certain of that     |
|    |  |

- 1 material entered into the record as additional cross-
- 2 examination of the witness.
- 3 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay.
- 4 MR. MCKEEVER: I can do that at this time or at
- 5 your pleasure.
- 6 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: In light of that, Mr.
- 7 McKeever, we would probably --
- 8 Mr. Heselton?
- 9 MR. MCKEEVER: I did discuss this with the Postal
- 10 Service, incidentally, over the last couple of days before
- 11 the hearing, and the Postal Service indicated that they
- would have no objection to our entering some of these
- interrogatory answers and the responses, at least one
- 14 response that we intend to enter into the record, into
- 15 evidence today.
- 16 MR. HESELTON: That's correct, Commissioner
- 17 Covington.
- 18 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. In light of that
- 19 then, I shall grant the Service's motion for acceptance of
- 20 the late filed responses in the interest of developing a
- 21 complete record in this proceeding.
- Does UPS or any other party wish to designate any
- of these responses for inclusion in the evidentiary record?
- 24 MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner?
- MS. DREIFUSS: I am sorry. Commissioner

- 1 Covington, I am not sure if United Parcel Service is
- 2 intending to enter both the Question 1 response and Question
- 3 2 response to Commissioner questions into the record today.
- 4 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay.
- 5 MS. DREIFUSS: If he does not intend to enter
- 6 both, then I would like to enter both.
- 7 MR. MCKEEVER: Our intention, Mr. Commissioner,
- 8 would be to enter into evidence Mr. O'Hara's responses to
- 9 UPS Interrogatories 44, 53, 54, 55, 56, and his response to
- 10 Question 1 posed by the Commission.
- 11 We did not intend to introduce into evidence other
- 12 interrogatory answers that may have come in late or his
- 13 response to Question 2.
- 14 MS. DREIFUSS: In that case, Commissioner
- 15 Covington, I would also like to have entered into the record
- 16 Dr. O'Hara's response to Question 2 from the Commission, and
- 17 I have brought two copies and his declaration to make that
- 18 possible.
- 19 MR. MCKEEVER: And I have two copies of the
- 20 material that we would like to have admitted by stipulation
- 21 with the Postal Service. I am prepared to provide two
- 22 copies of that material to the reporter, and I move that it
- 23 be admitted into evidence.
- 24 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Thank you, Mr. McKeever.
- 25 Thank you, Ms. Dreifuss.

| 1  | For the record, that was Ms. Shelley Dreifuss from        |
|----|---|
| 2  | the PRC's Office of Consumer Advocate.                    |
| 3  | At this time, Mr. McKeever, would you provide two         |
| 4  | copies of the response to the reporter?                   |
| 5  | MR. MCKEEVER: Yes, Mr. Commissioner.                      |
| 6  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: With that, these                  |
| 7  | additional designated responses of Witness O'Hara are     |
| 8  | received into evidence and are to be transcribed into the |
| 9  | record.   |
| 10 | (The document referred to was                             |
| 11 | marked for identification as                              |
| 12 | UPS/USPS Exhibit No. T1-44 and                            |
| 13 | was received in evidence.)                                |
| 14 | //  |
| 15 | //  |
| 16 | //  |
| 17 | //  |
| 18 | //  |
| 19 | //  |
| 20 |   |
| 21 | //  |
| 22 |   |
| 23 | //  |
| 24 | //  |
| 25 | //  |

UPS/USPS-T1-44. Refer to Library Reference USPS-LR-1, DC-LR.xls, tabs "WP-p.3 Daily Data" and "WP-p.4 Weekly Data," which contain Priority Mail volume information.

(a) Provide, in the same format, volume information for Parcel Post similar to that provided in 'WP-p.3 Dally Data."

(b) Provide, in the same format, volume information for Parcel Post similar to that provided in 'WP-p.4 Weekly Data."

RESPONSE: (a)

| Y 2000<br>Pates | Parcel Post<br>Volume<br>Entered at<br>POS Sites | Est. Retail Parcel Post Vol: POS*100/70 (Millions) | System      | Exp.<br>Retall<br>Vol, | Non-Exp.<br>Retail<br>Vol, | Dates |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------|
| 11/24/00        | 70,387   | 0.100553   | 1.415905    |                        | 0.1                        | 11/23 |
| 11/25/00        | 43,794   | 0.062563   | 0.629768    |                        | 0.1                        | 11/24 |
| 11/26/00        | 1,612  | 0.002303   | 0.006365    |                        | 0.0                        |       |
| 11/27/00        | 127,594  |  |             |                        | 0.2                        |       |
| 1/28/00         | 107,455  | 0.153507   | 1.551424    |                        | 0.2                        |       |
| 11/29/00        | 98,968   | 0.141383   | 1.144271    |                        | 0.1                        |       |
| 11/30/00        | 98,880   |  |             |                        | 0.1                        |       |
| 12/01/00        |  |  |             |                        | 0.2                        |       |
| 12/02/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 1     |
| 12/03/00        | 2,368  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/2  |
| 12/04/00        | 188,694  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/3  |
| 12/05/00        | 162,294  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/4  |
| 12/06/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/5  |
| 12/07/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/6  |
| 2/08/00         |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/7  |
| 12/09/00        |  |  |             |                        | · I                        | 12/8  |
| 12/10/00        |  |  |             |                        | 1                          | 12/9  |
| 12/11/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/10 |
| 12/12/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/11 |
| 12/13/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/12 |
| 12/14/00        |  |  | <u> </u>    |                        |                            | 12/13 |
| 12/15/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/14 |
| 12/16/00        |  |  |             |                        |                            | 12/15 |
| 12/17/00        |  | <u> </u>   |             |                        |                            |       |
| 12/18/00        |  |  |             |                        | 0.3                        |       |
| 12/19/00        |  |  |             |                        | 0.2                        | I     |
| 12/20/00        |  |  |             |                        | 0.1                        |       |
| 12/21/00        |  |  | <del></del> |                        | 0.1                        |       |
| 12/22/00        |  |  |             |                        | 0.1                        |       |
| 12/23/00        |  |  |             |                        | 0.1                        |       |
| 12/24/00        | 541  | 0.000773   | 0.006009    | <u> </u>               | 0.0                        | 12/23 |

### RESPONSE TO UPS/USPS-T1-44(a) Continued:

| Above Data summed in response to UPS/USPS-T1-49(b) |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 11/25/00 thru 12/1/00                              | 0.853961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12/2/00 thru 12/22/00                              | 3.800103 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12/2/00 thru 12/8/00                               | 1.306787 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12/9/00 thru 12/15/00                              | 1.569109 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12/16/00 thru 12/22/00                             | 0.924207 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

RESPONSE TO UPS/USPS-T1-44(b):

| Confirm<br>VP<br>Begins | FY 2001      | POS Parcel Post<br>Volume (millions) | Purchased with Parcel Post | with Delivery | Est. Retail<br>Parcel Post<br>Vol: |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
|                         |              |                                      | (millions)                 | Confirmation  | POS*100/70<br>(Millions)           |
| 9/9                     | AP 01        | 0.304226                             | 0.012647                   | 4.2%          | 0.4                                |
|                         |              | 0.311609                             |                            | 4.3%          | 0.4                                |
|                         | <del> </del> | 0.326506                             | <del></del>                | 4.0%          | 0.5                                |
|                         |              | 0.342387                             |                            |               |                                    |
| 10/7                    | AP 02        | 0.332994                             | 0.013935                   |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.373540                             | 0.015826                   |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.388041                             | 0.016005                   |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.374495                             |                            |               |                                    |
| 11/4                    | AP 03        | 0.386707                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.369371                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.375054                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.597773                             |                            |               | 0.9                                |
| 12/2                    | AP 04        | 0.914751                             | <u> </u>                   |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 1.098376                             |                            |               |                                    |
| ,                       |              | 0.646945                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.425355                             |                            |               |                                    |
| 12/30                   | AP 05        | 0.480478                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.839672                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.765183                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.805042                             |                            |               |                                    |
| 1/27                    | AP 06        | 0.774955                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 1.016621                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.806951                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.683582                             |                            |               |                                    |
| 2/24                    | AP 07        | 0.725263                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.733094                             |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.74122                              |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.74433                              |                            |               |                                    |
| 3/24                    | AP 08        | 0.76767                              |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.84465                              |                            |               |                                    |
| <b></b>                 |              | 0.83138                              |                            |               |                                    |
| 1                       | 10000        | 0.67290                              |                            |               |                                    |
| 4/21                    | AP 09        | 0.72514                              |                            |               |                                    |
|                         | <del></del>  | 0.74819                              |                            |               |                                    |
|                         | <del> </del> | 0.83067<br>0.74942                   |                            |               |                                    |
| F445                    | 1.5.45       | 0.75549                              |                            |               |                                    |
| 5/19                    | AP 10        | 0.75549                              |                            |               |                                    |
|                         | <del></del>  | 0.80058                              |                            |               |                                    |
| <u> </u>                |              | 0.79184                              |                            |               |                                    |
| 6/16                    | AP 11        | 0.74624                              | <del></del>                |               |                                    |
| 0/10                    | PAP 11       | 0.75348                              |                            |               |                                    |
| <del></del>             | -+           | 0.66780                              |                            |               |                                    |
|                         |              | 0.75705                              |                            |               |                                    |

### RESPONSE TO UPS/USPS-T1-44(b) Continued:

| 7/14 | AP 12 | 0.746658 | 0.044877 | 6.0% | 1.1 |
|------|-------|----------|----------|------|-----|
|      |       | 0.737613 | 0.045299 | 6.1% | 1.1 |
|      |       | 0.770653 | 0.046281 | 6.0% | 1.1 |
|      |       | 0.770933 | 0.046618 | 6.0% | 1.1 |
| 8/11 | AP 13 | 0.798619 | 0.049686 | 6.2% | 1.1 |
|      |       | 0.815973 | 0.051071 | 6.3% | 1.2 |
|      |       | 0.826504 | 0.050716 | 6.1% | 1.2 |
|      |       | 0.752105 | 0.044310 | 5.9% | 1.1 |

**UPS/USPS-T1-53.** Provide the volume of window-entered Priority Mail pieces during the following periods:

- (i) November 27, 1999 through December 3, 1999;
- (ii) December 4, 1999 through December 10, 1999;
- (iii) December 4, 1999 through December 24, 1999;
- (iv) December 11, 1999 through December 17, 1999; and
- (v) December 18, 1999 through December 24, 1999.

#### **RESPONSE:**

I am informed that POS data for FY 2000 are much less complete than for FY 2001. The reason is that, until software changes were at the beginning of FY 2001, window clerks would often print PVI labels without specifying the class of mail and/or special service to which the label was applied. This caveat should be kept in mind in any use of POS based data for FY 2000, such as that requested in UPS/USPS-T1-53-56.

| Daily Priority Volume Data: Retail Window-Entered and PERMIT System |            |               |                |          |            |        |          |       |  |  |
|---|------------|---------------|----------------|----------|------------|--------|----------|-------|--|--|
| CY 1999   |            | Delivery      | Est. Window-   |          |            |        | Non-     | 2001  |  |  |
| Dates   | Volume     | Confirmation  | Entered        | with     |            | Retail | Exp.     | Dates |  |  |
|   | Entered at | with Priority | Priority Vol.: | Window   | Volume     | Vol.   | Retail   |       |  |  |
|   | POS Sites  | at POS Sites  | POS*100/70     | -Entered | (Millions) |        | Vol.     |       |  |  |
|   |            |               | (Millions)     | Priority |            |        |          |       |  |  |
| 11/26/99  | 257,015    | 33,004        | 0.367          | 0.047    |            |        | 0.4      | 11/25 |  |  |
| 11/27/99  |            |               |                |          |            |        | 0.2      | 11/26 |  |  |
| 11/28/99  | 2,284      | 267           | 0.003          | 0.000    |            |        | 0.0      |       |  |  |
| 11/29/99  | 477,663    |               |                | 0.078    |            |        | 0.7      | 11/28 |  |  |
| 11/30/99  | 418,750    | 48,787        | 0.598          | 0.070    |            |        | 0.6      |       |  |  |
| 12/01/99  | 388,909    | 44,433        |                |          |            |        | 0.6      |       |  |  |
| 12/02/99  | 371,481    | 41,033        |                | 0.059    |            |        | 0.5      |       |  |  |
| 12/03/99  | 419,174    |               |                |          | 2.0        |        | 0.6      |       |  |  |
| 12/04/99  | 257,234    | 28,077        |                |          |            | 0.4    |          | 12/3  |  |  |
| 12/05/99  | 4,999      |               | 0.007          |          | 0.3        |        |          | 12/4  |  |  |
| 12/06/99  |            |               |                |          | 1.5        |        |          | 12/5  |  |  |
| 12/07/99  |            |               |                |          |            |        |          | 12/6  |  |  |
| 12/08/99  | 561,880    |               |                |          |            |        |          | 12/7  |  |  |
| 12/09/99  | 552,498    | 51,539        |                |          |            | 0.8    |          | 12/8  |  |  |
| 12/10/99  | 644,067    | 59,342        | 0.920          |          |            |        |          | 12/9  |  |  |
| 12/11/99  | 444,635    | 40,427        | 0.635          |          |            |        | <u> </u> | 12/10 |  |  |
| 12/12/99  | 38,214     | 4,014         | 0.055          | 0.006    | 0.2        | 0.1    |          | 12/11 |  |  |
| 12/13/99  | 1,099,999  | 86,319        |                |          |            |        |          | 12/12 |  |  |
| 12/14/99  | 999,332    | 80,557        |                |          |            |        |          | 12/13 |  |  |
| 12/15/99  |            |               |                |          |            |        |          | 12/14 |  |  |
| 12/16/99  |            |               |                |          |            |        |          | 12/15 |  |  |
| 12/17/99  | 985,029    | 80,701        | 1.407          | 0.115    | 2.2        | 1.4    |          | 12/16 |  |  |

### RESPONSE TO UPS/USPS-T1-53 Continued:

| 12/18/99   | 735,470       | 59,104  | 1.051  | 0.084 | 1.2 | 1.1 |     | 12/17    |
|------------|---------------|---------|--------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| 12/19/99   | 90,822        | 7,508   | 0.130  | 0.011 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 12/18    |
| 12/20/99   | 1,252,713     | 100,407 | 1.790  | 0.143 | 1.9 |     | 1.8 |          |
| 12/21/99   | 803,492       | 72,668  | 1.148  | 0.104 | 2.1 |     | 1.1 | 12/20    |
| 12/22/99   | 476,940       | 46,807  | 0.681  | 0.067 | 1.3 |     | 0.7 | 12/21    |
| 12/23/99   | 330,615       | 34,842  | 0.472  | 0.050 | 1.0 |     | 0.5 | 12/22    |
| 12/24/99   | 198,497       | 22,577  | 0.284  | 0.032 | 0.4 |     | 0.3 |          |
| 12/25/99   | 73            | 7       | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.0 |     | 0.0 | 12/24    |
| 12/26/99   | 972           | 163     | 0.001  | 0.000 | 0.0 |     | 0.0 | 12/25    |
| 11/27/99 1 | thru 12/3/99  |         | 3.207  | 0.367 |     |     |     |          |
|            | ru 12/10/99   |         | 4.753  | 0.453 |     |     |     |          |
|            | ru 12/24/99   |         | 18.066 | 1.574 |     |     |     | L        |
|            | thru 12/17/99 |         | 7.758  | 0.630 |     |     | ]   | 1        |
|            | thru12/24/99  |         | 5.555  | 0.491 |     |     |     | <u> </u> |

**UPS/USPS-T1-54.** Provide the volume of window-entered Priority Mail pieces for which Delivery Confirmation was purchased during the following periods:

- (i) November 27, 1999 through December 3,1999;
- (ii) December 4, 1999 through December 10, 1999;
- (iii) December 4, 1999 through December 24, 1999;
- (iv) December 11,1999 through December 17,1999; and
- (v) December 18,1999 through December 24,1999.

#### RESPONSE:

I am informed that POS data for FY 2000 are much less complete than for FY 2001. The reason is that, until software changes were at the beginning of FY 2001, window clerks would often print PVI labels without specifying the class of mail and/or special service to which the label was applied. This caveat should be kept in mind in any use of POS based data for FY 2000, such as that requested in UPS/USPS-T1-53-56.

The data requested are contained in my response to UPS/USPS-T1-53.

PS/USPS-T1-55. Provide the volume of window-entered Priority Mail pieces by week for FY2000.

### **RESPONSE:**

I am informed that POS data for FY 2000 are much less complete than for FY 2001. The reason is that, until software changes were made at the beginning of FY 2001, window clerks would often print PVI labels without specifying the class of mail and/or special service to which the label was applied. This caveat should be kept in mind in any use of POS based data for FY 2000, such as that requested in UPS/USPS-T1-53-56.

FY 2000 Weekly POS Data on Priority Mail and Manual Delivery Confirmation

| A/P         | FY 2000 | <b>POS Priority</b> | POS Manuai                            | % POS Priority     | Est.          | Est. Window-     |
|-------------|---------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Begin       |         |                     | DC Purchased                          | Mall with Delivery | Window-       | Entered Priority |
| 8           |         |                     | with Priority                         | Confirmation       | Entered       | with DC:         |
|             |         |                     | Mail                                  |                    | Priority Vol: | POS*100/70       |
|             |         |                     |                                       |                    | POS*100/70    | (Millions)       |
|             |         |                     | .:                                    |                    | (Millions)    |                  |
| 9/11/9<br>9 | AP 01   | 1,167,382           | 12,288                                | 1.1%               | 1.667689      | 0.017554         |
|             |         | 1,230,374           | 0                                     | 0.0%               | 1.757677      | 0.000000         |
|             |         | 1,207,630           | 25                                    | 0.0%               | 1.725186      |                  |
|             |         | 1,401,994           | 56                                    | 0.0%               | 2.002849      | 0.000080         |
| 10/9        | AP 02   | 1,316,279           | 154                                   | 0.0%               | 1.880399      | 0.000220         |
|             |         | 1,461,102           | 117,190                               | 8.0%               | 2.087289      | 0.167414         |
|             |         | 1,787,532           | 198,291                               | 11.1%              | 2.553617      | 0.283273         |
|             |         | 1,695,989           | 204,636                               | 12.1%              | 2.422841      | 0.292337         |
| 11/6        | AP 03   | 1,608,565           | 198,912                               | 12.4%              | 2.297950      | 0.284160         |
|             |         | 1,849,904           | 226,351                               | 12.2%              | 2.642720      | 0.323359         |
|             |         | 1,498,116           | 188,704                               | 12.6%              | 2.140166      | 0.269577         |
|             |         | 2,245,241           | 257,117                               | 11.5%              | 3.207487      | 0.367310         |
| 12/4        | AP 04   | 3,327,049           | 316,814                               | 9.5%               | 4.752927      | 0.452591         |
|             |         | 5,430,357           | 441,065                               | 8.1%               | 7.757653      | 0.630093         |
|             |         | 3,888,549           | 343,913                               | 8.8%               | 5.555070      | 0.491304         |
|             |         | 1,688,595           | 207,402                               | 12.3%              | 2.412279      | 0.296289         |
| 1/1         | AP 05   | 1,765,040           | 220,102                               | 12.5%              | 2.521486      | 0.314431         |
|             |         | 1,861,175           | 250,947                               | 13.5%              | 2.658821      | 0.358496         |
|             |         | 1,664,770           | 220,612                               | 13.3%              | 2.378243      | 0.315160         |
|             |         | 1,832,892           | 255,291                               | 13.9%              | 2.618417      | 0.364701         |
| 1/29        | AP 06   | 1,919,254           | 239,535                               | 12.5%              | 2.741791      | 0.342193         |
|             |         | 1,635,792           | 194,473                               | 11.9%              | 2.336846      | 0.277819         |
|             |         | 1,862,199           |                                       | 14.5%              | 2.660284      | 0.386873         |
|             |         | 1,710.951           | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 15.1%              | 2.444216      | 0.369716         |
|             |         |                     |                                       |                    |               |                  |

### **RESPONSE TO UPS/USPS-T1-55 CONTINUED:**

| 2/26 | AP 07 | 1,926,295 | 296,755 | 15.4% | 2.751850 | 0.423936 |
|------|-------|-----------|---------|-------|----------|----------|
|      |       | 1,879,182 | 293,168 | 15.6% | 2.684546 | 0.418811 |
|      |       | 1,927,200 | 306,714 | 15.9% | 2.753143 | 0.438163 |
|      |       | 1,883,317 | 301,970 | 16.0% | 2,690453 | 0.431386 |
| 3/25 | AP 08 | 1,804,459 | 291,731 | 16.2% | 2.577799 | 0.416759 |
|      |       | 1,937,857 | 285,293 | 14.7% | 2.768367 | 0.407561 |
|      |       | 2,052,014 | 327,228 | 15.9% | 2.931449 | 0.467469 |
|      |       | 2,147,594 | 250,542 | 11.7% | 3.067991 | 0.357917 |
| 4/22 | AP 09 | 1,759,623 | 292,125 | 16.6% | 2.513747 | 0.417321 |
|      |       | 1,836,526 | 296,158 | 16.1% | 2.623609 | 0.423083 |
|      |       | 2,399,336 | 327,669 | 13.7% | 3.427623 | 0.468099 |
|      |       | 1,813,098 | 294,743 | 16.3% | 2.590140 | 0.421061 |
| 5/20 | AP 10 | 1,659,821 | 282,215 | 17.0% | 2.371173 | 0.403164 |
|      |       | 1,729,655 | 288,507 | 16.7% | 2.470936 | 0.412153 |
|      |       | 2,029,541 | 338,777 | 16.7% | 2.899344 | 0.483967 |
|      |       | 2,391,811 | 362,171 | 15.1% | 3.416873 | 0.517387 |
| 6/17 | AP 11 | 2,065,549 | 346,040 | 16.8% | 2.950784 | 0.494343 |
|      |       | 2,104,979 | 360,430 | 17.1% | 3.007113 | 0.514900 |
|      |       | 1,824,261 | 311,833 | 17.1% | 2.606087 | 0.445476 |
|      |       | 2,215,799 | 385,761 | 17.4% | 3.165427 | 0.551087 |
| 7/15 | AP 12 | 2,196,353 | 366,138 | 16.7% | 3.137647 | 0.523054 |
|      |       | 2,242,083 | 394,342 | 17.6% | 3.202976 | 0.563346 |
|      |       | 2,281,193 | 396,110 | 17.4% | 3.258847 | 0.565871 |
|      |       | 2,330,214 | 411,941 | 17.7% | 3.328877 | 0.588487 |
| 8/12 | AP 13 | 2,384,992 | 418,155 | 17.5% | 3.407131 | 0.597364 |
|      |       | 2,477,428 | 423,867 | 17.1% | 3.539183 | 0.605524 |
|      |       | 2,522,553 | 428,295 | 17.0% | 3.603647 | 0.611850 |
|      |       | 2.346,795 | 391,383 | 16.7% | 3.352564 | 0.559119 |

**UPS/USPS-T1-56.** Provide the volume of window-entered Priority Mail pieces for which Delivery Confirmation was purchased by week for FY2000.

#### **RESPONSE:**

I am informed that POS data for FY 2000 are much less complete than for FY 2001. The reason is that, until software changes were made at the beginning of FY 2001, window clerks would often print PVI labels without specifying the class of mail and/or special service to which the label was applied. This caveat should be kept in mind in any use of POS based data for FY 2000, such as that requested in UPS/USPS-T1-53-56.

The data requested are contained in my response to UPS/USPS-T1-55.

### RESPONSE OF POSTAL SERVICE WITNESS O'HARA TO QUESTIONS FROM POSTAL RATE COMMISSIONERS POSED AT THE OCTOBER 23, 2001 HEARING

QUESTION 1. Can you think of anything that might be done to obtain a quantitative estimate of the savings in overtime and supplemental air transportation generated by the experiment? Tr.2/180-181, 184-186.

RESPONSE: Many factors other than the experiment will have an effect on this year's use of both overtime and supplemental air transportation in comparison with last year. For this reason, any estimate of savings will require numerous assumptions and approximations.

However, the reduction in the scale of the experiment does permit an approach that was not available when the experiment was going to cover the entire country. This is to use parts of the excluded area as a "control group." The control group would be selected to match the experimental areas as closely as possible. The experimental areas could then be compared to the control group with respect to changes in window-clerk overtime and outgoing mail-processing overtime. Since the Priority Mail entered in the experimental areas will be destined for locations throughout the country, this approach is not likely to yield meaningful results with respect to carrier overtime or incoming mail-processing overtime.

Measuring changes in supplemental air transportation due to the experiment will be difficult in part because major changes in the overall transportation arrangements for Priority Mail have occurred between last year and this year.

However, the northern California area included in the experiment represents a relatively self-contained region for originating Priority Mail, so some analysis of supplemental air transportation costs for that area may be possible.

| 1   | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: At this time, does any               |
|-----|--|
| 2   | party believe that it needs to conduct additional            |
| 3   | MS. DREIFUSS: Commissioner Covington, would this             |
| 4   | be the appropriate time for me to give two copies of the     |
| 5   | response to Question 2 to the reporter?                      |
| 6   | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: I am sorry, Ms. Dreifuss.            |
| 7   | Yes, at this time that would be appropriate.                 |
| 8   | MS. DREIFUSS: Thank you.                                     |
| 9   | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. As I was saying,               |
| 10  | at this time does any party believe it needs to conduct      |
| 11  | additional oral cross-examination of Witness O'Hara in       |
| 12  | connection with these most recently designated interrogatory |
| 13  | responses?   |
| 14  | MR. MCKEEVER: United Parcel Service does not                 |
| 15  | believe any additional cross-examination is necessary.       |
| 16  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Ms. Dreifuss?                        |
| 17  | MS. DREIFUSS: The OCA has no additional cross-               |
| 18  | examination either, Commissioner Covington.                  |
| 19  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. I would like to                |
| 20  | ask my colleagues now. I am joined on the bench by           |
| 21  | Commissioner Ruth Goldway to my right and Commissioner       |
| 22  | George Omas to my left.                                      |
| 23  | With regard to written responses that Witness                |
| 24  | O'Hara provided us to questions that you all had from the    |
| 2 5 | bondh. I think it would be necessary to include that         |

| 1  | material in the record to supplement and correct the         |
|----|--|
| 2  | information already provided in the Postal Service direct    |
| 3  | case.  |
| 4  | I think all of these responses have been                     |
| 5  | designated. I would like to let my colleagues know as to     |
| 6  | Question 1, the response of Postal Service Witness O'Hara    |
| 7  | from Postal Rate Commission that was posed at the            |
| 8  | October 23, 2001, hearing, that I have that in my hands to   |
| 9  | give to the court reporter as well.                          |
| 10 | I just handed from the bench to the reporter the             |
| 11 | questions and the responses, and I would like to direct that |
| 12 | they be received into evidence and transcribed into the      |
| 13 | record at this point.  |
| 14 | (The documents referred to                                   |
| 15 | were marked for identification                               |
| 16 | as Responses to Questions 1                                  |
| 17 | and 2 and were received in                                   |
| 18 | evidence.)   |
| 19 | //   |
| 20 | //   |
| 21 | //   |
| 22 | //   |
| 23 | //   |
| 24 | //   |
| 25 | //   |

QUESTION 1. Can you think of anything that might be done to obtain a quantitative estimate of the savings in overtime and supplemental air transportation generated by the experiment? Tr.2/180-181, 184-186.

RESPONSE: Many factors other than the experiment will have an effect on this year's use of both overtime and supplemental air transportation in comparison with last year. For this reason, any estimate of savings will require numerous assumptions and approximations.

However, the reduction in the scale of the experiment does permit an approach that was not available when the experiment was going to cover the entire country. This is to use parts of the excluded area as a "control group." The control group would be selected to match the experimental areas as closely as possible. The experimental areas could then be compared to the control group with respect to changes in window-clerk overtime and outgoing mail-processing overtime. Since the Priority Mail entered in the experimental areas will be destined for locations throughout the country, this approach is not likely to yield meaningful results with respect to carrier overtime or incoming mail-processing overtime.

Measuring changes in supplemental air transportation due to the experiment will be difficult in part because major changes in the overall transportation arrangements for Priority Mail have occurred between last year and this year. However, the northern California area included in the experiment represents a relatively self-contained region for originating Priority Mail, so some analysis of supplemental air transportation costs for that area may be possible.

QUESTION 2. What has the Postal Service decided with respect to the scale of the experiment, and, if the experiment will not cover the entire country, what areas will be included? Tr.2/198-199.

#### **RESPONSE:**

The Postal Service has decided that it would prefer to reduce the scale of the experiment to a level that represents about 12% of the original nationwide scope. The areas that have been selected are listed below, with their originating Priority Mail volume during last year's A/P 4, which contains the experimental period:

| Postal Districts to be<br>included in the<br>Experiment | Originating Volume A/P 4 FY2001* | Percent<br>of<br>National<br>Volume |  |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
|   | 4 040 550                        |                                     |  |
| Akron   | 1,013,553                        |                                     |  |
| Cleveland   | 816,760                          |                                     |  |
| Columbus  | 1,996,062                        |                                     |  |
| Cincinnati  | 1,531,366                        |                                     |  |
| Total   | 5,357,741                        | 4.2%                                |  |
| Dallas  | 2,665,301                        |                                     |  |
| Fort Worth  | 1,065,451                        |                                     |  |
| Total   | 3,730,752                        | 2.9%                                |  |
| Oakland   | 1,147,874                        |                                     |  |
| Sacramento  | 1,662,824                        |                                     |  |
| San Francisco   | 2,016,140                        |                                     |  |
| San Jose  | 1,202,485                        |                                     |  |
| Total   | 6,029,323                        | 4.7%                                |  |
| Total Experiment  | 15,117,816                       | 11.9%                               |  |
| National Total  | 126,979,397                      |                                     |  |
|   | 1                                | - Fa Fac & L                        |  |
| *ODIS Originating volum volume.                         | e shares applie                  | d to RPW                            |  |

POS terminals were deployed in these areas prior to last year's holiday mailing season, which means that the data collected this year can be compared with the

### Response to Hearing Room Question No. 2 (continued):

corresponding period last year. The boundaries of these areas are such that they do not split major metropolitan areas, so communication about the experiment through mass media can be used without complicated explanations of exactly what areas are and are not included.

Since the experiment will be limited to areas representing only about 12% of the country, any potential impact on competitors should be greatly reduced.

This reduction in scale will have the effect of proportionately reducing all of the figures related to the experiment on pages 1 and 2 of my workpaper, as shown below. The changes on page 1 are shaded; these flow through to Panel B on page 2, where the cost of informing customers is also scaled down. The cost of the reduced-scale experiment is \$1,138,439.

### Response to Hearing Room Question No. 2 (continued):

| Projected Experimental \ with Reduced Scale                                     | /olumes  |                     |  |                              | Page 1   |
|---|--|---------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| CY 2000 Days Corresponding to the Proposed Experimental                         | Estimated<br>Retail                                  | Percent of Priority | Window   | Ratio of<br>Non-Window       | Projected Total Purchase of  |
| Period of December 1, 2001 to December 16, 2001                                 | Priority Mail<br>Volume (=<br>POS Volume<br>x 100/70 | Buying              | Purchase of<br>DC if No<br>Experiment  | Manual DC<br>to Window<br>DC | DC if No<br>Experiment   |
| 12/02 - 12/08 (Sat. thru Fri.)  | 26.94  |                     |  |                              | 1000元标记300元(1000年)   |
| 12/09 - 12/15 (Sat. thru Fri.)<br>12/16 - 12/16 (Sat. & Sun.)                   | 239.43E  |                     | and the same of th |                              | Annual Control of the |
| Total Period:   | 260251   | 12.8%               | *KKY.UZ  | 19.0%                        | 898.56%  |
| Lost revenue on projected DC u<br>\$0.40  | usage if no exp                                      | eriment, at         |  |                              | \$158,627  |
| Retail Priority Mail Not Buying I<br>Experiment (Candidate volume<br>DC usage)  | OC if No<br>for additional                           |                     | 2.269.314  |                              |  |
| Percentage of candidate volum DC offer  | e accepting  |                     | 100%   | •                            |  |
| Additional Manual DC usage  |  |                     | 2,269,314  | Ĺ                            |  |
| Scale factor (see response to<br>Question 2 posed at the<br>October 23 hearing) | 11.99  | Ď.                  |  |                              |  |

# RESPONSE OF POSTAL SERVICE WITNESS O'HARA TO QUESTIONS FROM POSTAL RATE COMMISSIONERS POSED AT THE OCTOBER 23, 2001 HEARING

### Response to Hearing Room Question No. 2 (continued):

| TY 2001 Cost and Revenue for Priority Mail and Manual Deli<br>with reduced-scale experiment                      | ivery Confirmati   | on              |   |          | Page 2       |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---|----------|--------------|
| A. Summary of TYAR Volume, Revenue and Cost from   | Volume             | Revenue         | Cost  | Coverage | Unit<br>Cost |
| R2000-1¹<br>Priority Mail  | 1,243,245,000      | \$5,680,265,000 | \$3,509,283,000                             | 161.9%   | \$2.823      |
| Manual Delivery Confirmation on Priority Mall paying the \$0.40 fee <sup>2</sup>                                 | 52,221,268         | \$20,888,507    | \$18,068,559                                | 115.6%   | \$0.346      |
| Unit cost of electronic DC (cost of TYAR electronic DC usage is  | included in Priori | ity Mail cost)3 |   |          | \$0.078      |
| B. Data on the experiment:   |                    |                 |   |          |              |
| Portion of TYAR manual DC usage occurring during experimental period:  |                    |                 |   |          |              |
| Revenue not received on this manual DC usage at \$0.40 Cost (non-electronic only) of this usage at \$0.346       |                    | 6159527         | \$187 <i>82</i> 172                         |          | •            |
| Additional manual DC usage due to experiment   | 2,289,314          |                 | diazone venos el herolial espitente, eletto |          |              |
| Full cost (including electronic) of additional usage at (\$0.346)  | + \$0.078)         |                 | \$961,962                                   |          |              |
| Cost of informing customers  |                    | •               | \$17,850                                    |          |              |
| Cost of experiment (= revenue hot received+cost of add') us:   | ige+cost of infor  | ning customers) | F1;138,439                                  |          |              |
| C. Adjustments to TYAR data to reflect the experiment:   |                    |                 |   |          |              |
| Priority Mail  | 1,243,245,000      | \$5,680,265,000 | \$3,509,283,000                             |          |              |
| Plus non-electronic cost of existing usage   |                    | •               | \$137,212                                   |          |              |
| Plus full cost of additional usage:  |                    |                 | \$961,962                                   |          |              |
| Plus one-half the cost of informing customers  |                    | •               | \$8,925                                     | ı        |              |
| Adjusted TYAR Priority Mail data   | 1,243,245,000      | \$5,680,265,000 | \$3,510,391,099                             | 161.8%   |              |
| Manual Delivery Confirmation on Priority Mail paying \$0.40 fee  | 52,221,268         | \$20,888,507    | \$18,068,559                                | ı        |              |
| Less volume and revenue of existing manual DC during experiment  | (396,567)          | (\$158,627)     |   |          |              |
| Less cost (non-electronic only) of this DC usage transferred to<br>Plus one-half the cost of informing customers | Priority Mail      |                 | (\$137,212)<br>\$8,925                      |          |              |
| Adjusted TYAR Manual Confirmation on Priority Mail data  | 51,824,701         | \$20,729,880    | \$17,940,272                                |          |              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise noted all data in Panel A are from the R2000-1 Op. & Rec. Dec., App. G, p.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Volume & Revenue:Op. & Rec. Dec., R2000-1, App. G, p.33; unit cost based on USPS-RT-21 in accordance with paragraph 6121. Cost and cost coverage calculated from volume, unit cost, and revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Unit cost based on USPS-RT-21 in accordance with paragraph 6121, R2000-1 Op. & Rec. Dec.

1 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Does any party believe it 2 needs to conduct additional oral cross-examination of Witness O'Hara in connection with his written responses? 3 4 Ms. Dreifuss? MS. DREIFUSS: No, Commissioner Covington, we do 5 6 not. 7 MR. MCKEEVER: We do not also, Commissioner 8 Covington. 9 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Does any participant have any other issue we should discuss before we 10 11 begin and proceed with today's hearings? 12 (No response.) COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. If there are no 13 other matters at this time, we will proceed. 14 United Parcel Service has filed testimony for one 15 16 witness, Mr. Larry F. Darby, as its case in chief in these 17 proceedings. Mr. McKeever, will you call your witness to the 18 stand, please? 19 20 MR. MCKEEVER: Yes, Mr. Commissioner. United 21 Parcel Service calls to the stand Dr. Larry F. Darby. 22 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Would you mind standing, 23 Mr. Darby? 24 //

Heritage Reporting Corporation (202) 628-4888

25

//

| 1  | Whereupon,  |
|----|---|
| 2  | LARRY F. DARBY  |
| 3  | having been duly sworn, was called as a witness             |
| 4  | and was examined and testified as follows:                  |
| 5  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: You may be seated.                  |
| 6  | (The document referred to was                               |
| 7  | marked for identification as                                |
| 8  | Exhibit No. UPS-T-1.)                                       |
| 9  | DIRECT EXAMINATION  |
| 10 | BY MR. MCKEEVER:  |
| 11 | Q Dr. Darby, I have just provided you with a copy of        |
| 12 | a document entitled Direct Testimony of Larry F. Darby on   |
| 13 | behalf of United Parcel Service and identified as UPS-T-1.  |
| 14 | Was that document prepared by you or under your direction   |
| 15 | and supervision?  |
| 16 | A Yes, sir, it was.   |
| 17 | Q If you were to testify orally here today, would           |
| 18 | your testimony be as set forth in that document?            |
| 19 | A Yes, sir, it would be.                                    |
| 20 | MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, I'd like to note            |
| 21 | one typographical correction in the table of contents from  |
| 22 | the document that was originally served. This is not in the |
| 23 | testimony itself, but rather in the table of contents.      |
| 24 | Heading No. 5 in the table of contents entitled             |
| 25 | The Experiment Will Not Provide Useful Information had an   |
|    |   |

| 1  | indication that it began on page 3 in the document. It       |
|----|--|
| 2  | actually begins on page 4. We have made that correction in   |
| 3  | the copy provided to Dr. Darby, and it will be in the copies |
| 4  | that I would provide to the reporter if his testimony is     |
| 5  | admitted into evidence.                                      |
| 6  | With that, I would move that the direct testimony            |
| 7  | of Larry F. Darby on behalf of United Parcel Service and     |
| 8  | identified as UPS-T-1 be admitted into evidence in this      |
| 9  | proceeding.  |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Are there any                  |
| 11 | objections?  |
| 12 | (No response.)   |
| 13 | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Hearing none, I will                 |
| 14 | direct counsel to provide the court reporter with two copies |
| 15 | of the direct testimony of Dr. Larry F. Darby. That          |
| 16 | testimony is received into evidence at this time and will be |
| 17 | transcribed.   |
| 18 | (The document referred to,                                   |
| 19 | previously identified as                                     |
| 20 | Exhibit No. UPS-T-1, was                                     |
| 21 | received in evidence.)                                       |
| 22 | //   |
| 23 | //   |
| 24 | //   |
| 25 | //   |

UPS-T-1

# BEFORE THE POSTAL RATE COMMISSION

EXPERIMENTAL SUSPENSION OF FEE FOR : MANUAL DELIVERY CONFIRMATION CATEGORY :

**DOCKET NO. R2001-2 DOCKET NO. MC2001-2** 

DIRECT TESTIMONY
OF
LARRY F. DARBY
ON BEHALF OF
UNITED PARCEL SERVICE

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I. QUALIFICATIONS

| 2  | My name is Larry F. Darby. I head an economics consulting practice, Darby              |
|----|--|
| 3  | Associates, in Washington, D.C. I received a Ph.D. in Economics from Indiana           |
| 4  | University in 1970, where I specialized in price theory, industrial organization, and  |
| 5  | regulation of business. I have been Assistant Professor of Economics at the Temple     |
| 6  | University Graduate School of Business; Senior Economist in the Office of              |
| 7  | Telecommunications Policy in the Executive Office of the President; Chief Economist    |
| 8  | and Chief of the Common Carrier Bureau of the Federal Communications Commission;       |
| 9  | Executive Director of the Motor Carrier Ratemaking Study Commission; and Vice-         |
| 10 | President of Corporate Finance in the Lehman Brothers Investment Banking Group.        |
| 11 | In addition to conducting my consulting practice, I am currently Professorial          |
| 12 | Lecturer in Telecommunications at the Graduate School of The George Washington         |
| 13 | University, where I now teach a course in Telecommunications Finance and am            |
| 14 | scheduled in the Spring to teach the final course in applied research in the economics |
| 15 | sequence of the Telecommunications Masters Program. I am also Adjunct Professor of     |
| 16 | Law at the New York Law School, where I will teach a course in the Economics of        |
| 17 | Regulation. I have done research and studied rates and ratemaking processes under      |
| 18 | transport and telecommunications regulation for much of my career and have written     |
| 19 | numerous articles, reports, and advisory memoranda on those and closely related        |
| 20 | subjects.  |
| 21 | I have offered testimony to the Federal Communications Commission as its               |
| 22 | principal advisor on common carrier rates, to Committees of both Houses of Congress,   |
| 23 | to the Motor Carrier Ratemaking Study Commission (a temporary Joint Congressional      |

- 1 Commission established to examine the antitrust implications of motor carrier
- 2 ratemaking methods), and to state regulatory bodies.

### II. INTRODUCTION

I have been asked by United Parcel Service to evaluate the proposal of the United States Postal Service to suspend the fee for Manual Delivery Confirmation for Priority Mail users for sixteen days in December 2001. The purpose of my testimony is to explain the results of my evaluation in the specific context of (a) the experiment's purposes, (b) its desired effects, and (c) the applicable statutory standards and Postal Rate Commission precedent.

My testimony begins with a statement of the proposal and my understanding of its rationale; proceeds to set forth the criteria for my evaluation of it; and then weighs the proposal in terms of those criteria.

### III. THE PROPOSAL AND ITS RATIONALE

The Postal Service has proposed an experiment under which it would offer a rate reduction of 100% — that is, service without charge — for Manual Delivery Confirmation to its Priority Mail customers for the period from December 1, 2001, to December 16, 2001. It has two primary objectives for giving away this costly and valuable service: to obtain usable information about customer demand for the service by promoting it to customers, and to smooth holiday demand for the service. The Postal Service claims substantial benefits and minimal cost from the experiment.

### IV. TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR EVALUATING THE PROPOSAL

My testimony is organized around four points of reference for evaluating the proposed experiment. The first relates to the general purposes and effects of the experiment. The last three relate to the evidence that must be adduced and evaluated to determine the experiment's ability to pass specific statutory tests.

- valuable service as an experiment obliges the Commission to consider carefully elements of the experiment's rationale in some detail. In particular, what questions are intended to be answered, and what questions will in fact be answered, by the data generated by the experiment? Are these data and answers useful in pursuit of lawful Postal Service purposes? Are there better ways to get the desired information? Finally, what are the full implications, beyond those addressed by the Postal Service, of the experiment?
- (2) <u>Cost coverage</u>. Section 3622(b)(3) of the Postal Reorganization Act requires that "each class of mail or type of mail service bear the direct and indirect postal costs attributable to that class or type plus that portion of all other costs of the Postal Service reasonably assignable" to it. Accordingly, I will examine the information provided by the Postal Service to evaluate its conclusions and claims about the extent to which the experiment meets this applicable legal requirement.
- (3) Competitive impact. Section 3622(b)(4) of the statute requires an evaluation of the impact of the proposed experimental rate change "upon the general public, business mail users, and enterprises in the private sector of the economy engaged in the delivery of mail matter other than letters." The class of mail to which the

free value-added feature attaches, Priority Mail, is a substitute for comparable services
offered by firms in the private sector. Thus, the proposal raises questions about its
impact on competition and on the health of the competitive process.

(4) Other considerations. The Postal Service's testimony raises assorted issues not falling clearly into these three categories. These issues include assertions about the interpretation and relevance of practices by other firms in the economy and certain other factual representations.

### V. THE EXPERIMENT WILL NOT PROVIDE USEFUL INFORMATION.

The experiment is destined to fail to the extent that success requires it to achieve substantially the purposes for which it was designed: to yield information about customer demand relevant to lawful ratemaking; to shift usage in ways that will save costs; or otherwise to deliver substantially the promises held out by the Postal Service.

The experiment is intended (1) to acquire, and is rationalized on the basis of acquiring, data that will provide useful information about customer demand by conveying information about the availability of the service, thereby promoting it to customers, and (2) to smooth holiday demand for the service.

#### (a) Demand Data

Unfortunately, data from the experiment will convey almost no useful information about customer demand, let alone information about demand in the range of lawful rates. The experiment purports to test for information about the relationship between rates and volume of usage. The relationship between price changes and changes in quantity demanded (price elasticity of demand) is well known to ratemaking analysts. It is well established in principle and from studies of demand that measures of price

elasticity have meaning for firm pricing behavior only when (a) price changes are
relatively small, and (b) changes in quantity are clearly attributable to the price change
and not to some other variable. Neither of these holds in the case of the proposed

experiment.

The Law of Demand holds that price and quantity are negatively related. When price changes, quantity changes in the opposite direction: if prices go up, the quantity purchased goes down; if prices go down, the quantity purchased goes up. While that general relationship holds everywhere on a normal demand curve, like the one that almost certainly applies to Manual Delivery Confirmation service, the relative responsiveness of quantity changes to price changes is different for each initial price level and for every different magnitude of price change.

Large price changes typically yield little useful information about the elasticity of demand in the neighborhood of the initial price. An experiment raising or lowering price -- say, by plus or minus 10-15% from the current level of \$0.40 -- would yield useful information about pricing around the neighborhood of that price -- at, say, \$0.35. However, lowering the current price to zero will convey no useful information about consumer demand around the current price (or around any other price, for that matter), since the overall effect of the larger price change conceals the specific impacts of smaller changes. Giving away service for free will tell the Postal Service absolutely nothing about the responsiveness of consumer behavior to neighborhood price changes that are meant to be sustained for a longer period of time.

It is noteworthy in this context that the Postal Service has pending a request to raise the present rate of \$0.40 for Manual Delivery Confirmation of Priority Mail by

1 12.5%, to \$0.45. The experiment will provide no credible information about the effect of the proposed rate increase on consumer usage at that price.

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A second problem with the experiment relates to the "noise level" created by other demand factors. The change in quantity observable while giving away Manual Delivery Confirmation at a zero price would not be a reliable indicator of the effect of the price change alone, since other important influences on demand will likely be changing over the same time interval.

For example, if allowed to go forward, the experiment will yield data about quantity for Manual Delivery Confirmation at a zero price during the experimental period. These data would be compared with price and quantity for the comparable period last year. However, material changes in other factors driving demand are sure to be changing, and perhaps substantially so, thereby rendering uncertain the implications of the price change alone. Analysts of the effects of the price experiment must calculate how much of the quantity change is attributable to reducing the price to zero, and how much is attributable to other changes. The proposal provides no information useful for answering this question. Economic principles and a large body of empirical work on demand suggest that a number of other factors affecting demand will likely be material and potentially too large to ignore. These include, but certainly are not limited to, changes in the economy and expectations, changes in buying habits, gift-giving and mailing patterns associated with changes in perceptions of security, and changes in the prices of other closely related, substitutable or complementary services. The Postal Service does not propose to do anything to examine the influence of these factors.

This problem of determining whether the price change is the cause of increased usage,

- or whether the level of increased usage is due to any significant degree to other factors,
- 2 is similar to that suggested by the Postal Service itself in its response to Commissioner
- 3 Goldway's question on whether the Postal Service will be able to determine whether it
- 4 will actually save any costs as a result of shifting demand from one week to another.
- 5 See Response of Postal Service Witness O'Hara to Questions From Postal Rate
- 6 Commissioners Posed at the October 23, 2001 Hearing (filed October 26, 2001)
- 7 ("Response to Hearing Questions"), Response to Question 1.

The Postal Service's belated suggestion that it might scale back the experiment does nothing to change this conclusion: No matter how large or small the geographic scope of the experiment, giving away a service for free tells one nothing about how much people will be willing to pay for a service, or about how much of the service they will buy at a given price. In fact, restructuring the experiment to certain selected geographic areas raises other questions that the Postal Service has not addressed, such as whether demand in the areas selected is characteristic of demand nationwide, and whether the costs of serving the additional volume in the limited geographic area will remain constant or will increase on a unit basis when a different price change is rolled out on a nationwide basis.

In sum, the experiment may generate data about consumer demand for Manual Delivery Confirmation when its price is zero. However, that data will be ambiguous in meaning and have little information content useful for any future pricing decisions.

A related goal of the experiment is to inform consumers about the service in order to promote its use. Dr. O'Hara has observed that the experiment would introduce Manual Delivery Confirmation to customers who might otherwise never try it, and that

more households and other infrequent users of Priority Mail would probably find Manual 1 Delivery Confirmation useful if they were familiar with it. USPS-T-1 at 2. These claims 2 are largely unexceptionable. At the same time, they amount to faint praise indeed, 3 since other methods would yield the same conclusion. The experiment will not provide 4 suitable data, nor does it reflect an intention to do so, to test the cost effectiveness of 5 giving the service away relative to other, possibly less expensive means of promotion. 6 Dr. O'Hara conjectures that offering Manual Delivery Confirmation without charge may 7 be more effective than other methods -- saturation mail or broadcast media -- as a 8 means "to build awareness." USPS-T-1 at 3. But then again, it may not. Considering 9 the substantial negative impact of the experiment -- a revenue loss alone of \$0.40 for 10 each transaction -- it is reasonable to suggest that the same "awareness" might well be 11 created through other, less objectionable means than giving away a valuable and costly 12 service for nothing. In any event, the experiment will not shed any light on the issue 13 without additional information and careful analysis of the effectiveness of alternatives, 14 none of which the Postal Service proposes to test. 15 Finally, there is a simple alternative solution to the lack of customer awareness 16 problem -- a test and solution that avoids the issues raised by giving the service away. 17 The clerk at the window could simply be instructed to ask customers if they would like to 18 purchase Manual Delivery Confirmation at the current rate. Point of sale 19 representatives in other retail sectors of the economy routinely provide information 20 about other services to customers at the time of the transaction. 21

## (b) Smoothing Mailing Patterns

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2 Dr. O'Hara indicates that another objective is "to learn more about . . . the extent to which modest incentives will induce households to shift holiday mailing patterns . . . . " 3 USPS-T-1 at 3. The rate experiment -- a 100 percent reduction that takes the rate to 4 zero -- is inaptly described as conveying a "modest" price incentive. Indeed, the only 5 way to configure a less "modest" proposal would be to pay customers to try the service. 6 7 Moreover, as indicated above, measuring the change in volume (comparing volume for the test period with that achieved for the same period last year) cannot dispose of the 8 9 question whether, and to what extent, the experimental rate change is the cause of any shift in mailing patterns. Significant volume differences in different weeks might 10 11 reasonably be anticipated as a consequence of other factors -- the business cycle, 12 changes in consumer attitudes and behavior, changes in holiday patterns (e.g., the day 13 on which Christmas falls), and others. Evidence on usage patterns shows clearly an uneven distribution of demand 14 during the weeks, and particularly the last few days, preceding Christmas day. This 15 16 pattern is described visually in Dr. O'Hara's Chart 1: Holiday Mailing Patterns (see Dr. 17 O'Hara Workpapers), and numerically in the table entitled "Daily Priority Volume Data: 18 Retail Window-Entered and PERMIT System" (USPS-T-1, Workpaper, page 3 of 4). 19 Dr. O'Hara asserts that the experiment would give customers an incentive to mail 20 packages before the very busiest week of the holiday season. He also claims benefits 21 from shifting the peak: "To the extent that customers respond to this incentive the 22 Postal Service may be able to reduce the need for clerk and carrier overtime and for 23 supplemental air transportation during the peak week." USPS-T-1 at 1 (emphasis

- supplied). Again, as stated, this observation is unexceptionable. If customers shift the time of usage and thereby smooth it out, peak costs <u>might</u> be reduced. While clearly possible, however, the necessary conditions are not assured.
- It is also worth noting that customers may ship late simply because they shop

  late. The Postal Service has shown nothing to indicate that free Manual Delivery

  Confirmation will affect a primary driver of volume during the last week before

  Christmas.

First, the Postal Service offers no assessment of the costs of the peak, or, by inference, the value available to it or to its customers of smoothing the peak, beyond the observation that it would provide "opportunities" for "modest savings in clerk and carrier overtime and in supplemental air transportation costs." USPS-T-1 at 5 (emphasis supplied). Subsequently (at USPS-T-1, p. 10), Dr. O'Hara states, without equivocation, that the Postal Service does not know what the costs of the peak are and has not even attempted to estimate any cost savings. Thus, the Postal Service does not attempt to estimate the value of a major alleged benefit of the experiment -- shifting peak usage. In place of a suggestion of even a rough order of magnitude of the benefits, the Postal Service simply begs this important question by citing the difficulty of measuring it. Explaining why no cost savings or other benefits of shifting the peak are estimated, Dr. O'Hara correctly states that the amount of potential cost savings is contingent on how customers respond to the gift of free Manual Delivery Confirmation, and he notes how difficult that is to estimate before the fact. USPS-T-1 at 10.

Again, this issue does not disappear by reducing the scale or scope of the experiment. As Dr. O'Hara has observed, "Many factors other than the experiment will

- 1 have an effect on this year's usage of both overtime and supplemental air
- 2 transportation in comparison with last year." Response to Hearing Questions,
- 3 Response to Question 1. Dr. O'Hara forthrightly admits that "For this reason, any
- 4 estimate of savings will require numerous assumptions and approximations." <u>Id</u>. These
- 5 are accurate and candid statements. Thus, the Postal Service concedes that it will be
- 6 difficult even after the experiment is implemented to estimate any cost savings from it.
- 7 But surely, the Commission and the public are entitled to a reasonable estimate of the
- 8 benefits of such a drastic experiment designed to shift the peak in demand for Priority
- 9 Mail.

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The difficulty of measuring the savings from whatever success the experiment may yield in terms of shifting the peak should not be permitted to shroud the fact that the Postal Service is proposing a drastic solution to what may very well be a modest problem. The problem may be trivial for a couple of reasons. First, I call attention to Dr. O'Hara's Chart 1 showing a frequency distribution for estimated Retail Priority Mail volume during the period from November 24, 2000, to December 24, 2000. Volume on four of the seven days during the pre-Christmas week — Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday — is less than the peak during the previous week. Volume on six days in the second-last week preceding Christmas (i.e., the last week of the experiment) and the average for six days in the prior week exceeded the volume during three days of the "peak" Christmas week. Thus, the week before Christmas day, that is the week during which demand is presumed to be excessive, is not the peak week.

There is, however, a clear daily peak in the week before Christmas day, but it is notable that this peak exceeds the peak of the previous week on only two days -
Monday and Tuesday.

There are several important facts to take away from this. First, under the best of circumstances that might follow from any Postal Service action to shift that peak, the cost savings are likely to be very small, as well as subject to considerable measurement error, since there is considerable chance that the experiment may simply shift the peak to another day during an earlier week. In other words, there will be no <u>net</u> cost savings; instead, peak costs will merely be incurred on a different, but earlier day. By giving away the service during earlier times, the solution advanced in the proposed experiment may simply create the very same problem, but with the peak occurring on different days than would otherwise be the case. The Postal Service offers no evidence or assurance that its solution will not simply make matters worse.

Uneven demand, usage peaks, and time of day/week/season congestion are not unique to the Postal Service, even if its proposed solution is. Pricing changes as a solution to similar problems in other industries seldom, if ever, involve simply giving service away during off peak times. Instead, solutions in other sectors, unlike the solution proposed here, quite frequently involve assigning the costs of the peak ("congestion costs") to the cost causer, that is, the customers responsible for creating the peak. Applying the well accepted principles of that solution to the problem addressed here would require the Postal Service to estimate the costs of the peak, which it has not done, and then to attribute those costs to the relevant service -- Manual Delivery Confirmation.

## VI. THE EXPERIMENT PROPOSES A RATE BELOW COST IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 3622(b)(3).

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The Delivery Confirmation service provides customers with information about the date and time of day of delivery (or attempted delivery). Delivery Confirmation may be by either mechanical or electronic means.

Like all postal services, Manual Delivery Confirmation service for Priority Mail must cover its attributable costs as well as make a contribution to the Postal Service's institutional costs. Since the proposed rate is zero, the Postal Service faces a formidable barrier in meeting its responsibility to assure the Commission that the rate meets the statutory standard for cost recovery. To document fully the financial impact of the proposal, the Postal Service is obliged to show its cost effects.

In his original testimony, Dr. O'Hara concluded a very truncated analysis of cost and revenue changes brought about by the experiment with the conclusion that "... the cost coverages of both Priority Mail and the manual Delivery Confirmation for Priority Mail would be reduced by only one-half percentage point." USPS-T-1 at 9. Not clearly expressed, but suggested by the statement, is the impression that the experiment passes the very clear test of cost coverage spelled out in Section 3622(b)(3) of the Postal Reorganization Act. That impression is not correct, as I will demonstrate below by walking through the details of Dr. O'Hara's analysis.

In his calculations of the cost and revenue impact of the experiment, Dr. O'Hara starts with TYAR 2000 volumes, revenues, costs, and cost coverages for (a) Priority Mail as a class, and (b) Manual Delivery Confirmation for Priority Mail paying the \$0.40

fee. As previously allowed (on a conditional basis) by the Commission,<sup>1</sup> he attributes
the cost of electronic Delivery Confirmation to Priority Mail, since the costs are already
included in and recovered by the base rate for Priority Mail.

- Citing no economic basis and without any discussion, Dr. O'Hara then departs from the Commission's established costing methodology and attributes the cost associated with the non-electronic portion of Delivery Confirmation (\$0.346 per unit) to Priority Mail rather than to Manual Delivery Confirmation. Dr. O'Hara gives no explanation or rationalization for doing so. He merely states in a single sentence that "with the experiment the cost for the non-electronic portion would similarly be transferred to Priority Mail from Delivery Confirmation." USPS-T-1 at 9.
- Dr. O'Hara thereby shifts the bulk of the economic costs caused by the experiment from one service -- Manual Delivery Confirmation -- to another, Priority Mail.

  Now you see it, now you don't, and now you see it again over there. The Postal Service simply erases economic costs from one class of service and pencils them into another type of service.

These are real economic costs that would not exist but for the experiment. They are costs the Postal Service agrees are "caused by" the added Manual Delivery Confirmation volume stimulated by the zero experimental price. See USPS-T-1, Workpaper, page 2 of 4, in particular Part B, the line item entitled "Additional manual DC usage due to experiment."

Such cost shifting is the very antithesis of the language and intent of Section 3622(b)(3). Moving costs in this way does not change the fact that new and significant

<sup>1.</sup> Docket No. R97-1, Opinion and Recommended Decision at 586, ¶ 5977.

- 2 zero experimental price. Because of this accounting sleight of hand, the costs caused
- 3 by the added volume stimulated by the experiment must be borne by other users, or by
- 4 "the Postal Service," according to Dr. O'Hara. USPS-T-1 at 9.

The amount of cost shifted is relatively straightforward to calculate, and I will do
so in the course of considering Dr. O'Hara's workpaper.

To calculate the cost of the experiment, Dr. O'Hara considers costs from four sources -- actually, three costs and one source of foregone revenue. These are (a) the revenue foregone by giving away service for which customers would, but for the experiment, have been obliged to pay, (b) the Manual Delivery Confirmation costs of informing consumers of the experiment, (c) the electronic costs of the additional Manual Delivery Confirmation volume, and (d) the non-electronic costs of the additional Manual Delivery Confirmation volume:

- (1) The revenue foregone from usage pro rated from the prior year is estimated at \$1,332,998 (prorated volume of 3,332,494 times \$0.40);
- (2) The cost of informing customers of the experiment is estimated at \$150,000, of which only \$75,000 (half) is attributed to Manual Delivery Confirmation with the other half attributed to Priority Mail;
- (3) It is assumed that additional usage of 19,069,868 units of Manual Delivery
  Confirmation will be stimulated by the zero experimental price. The cost
  of this additional usage has two parts -- the electronic portion of Manual
  Delivery Confirmation costs, and the non-electronic portion. The
  additional cost of the electronic segment is \$1,487,450 (that is,

| 1  |  | 19,069,868 times \$0.078, or the stimulated volume times the electronic      |  |
|----|--|--|--|
| 2  |  | unit cost);  |  |
| 3  | (4)  | The additional cost of the non-electronic segment is \$6,598,174 (that is,   |  |
| 4  |  | 19,069,868 times \$0.346, or the stimulated non-electronic volume times      |  |
| 5  |  | the non-electronic unit cost);   |  |
| 6  | (5)  | The full additional cost of the stimulated volume (electronic and non-       |  |
| 7  |  | electronic) is \$8,085,624, or the added volume of 19,069,868 times          |  |
| 8  |  | (\$0.078 + \$0.346).   |  |
| 9  | These costs must be attributed. Dr. O'Hara correctly charges the experiment                  |  |  |
| 10 | with the foregone revenue from giving away a service that otherwise would have been          |  |  |
| 11 | sold at \$0.40 per unit. Secondly, as noted, he attributes half the cost of informing        |  |  |
| 12 | customers to the Manual Delivery Confirmation service and half to Priority Mail. Third,      |  |  |
| 13 | following the precedent allowed previously by the Commission, he attributes the              |  |  |
| 14 | electronic portion of the costs of the added Manual Delivery Confirmation volume             |  |  |
| 15 | (\$1,487,450) to Priority Mail. Fourth, and contrary to the Commission's established         |  |  |
| 16 | treatment, Dr. O'Hara attributes to Priority Mail the non-electronic portion of the costs of |  |  |
| 17 | the added Manual Delivery Confirmation volume resulting from the zero price                  |  |  |
| 18 | experiment (\$6,598,174).  |  |  |
| 19 | By sh  | ifting to Priority Mail the additional non-electronic cost of the additional |  |
| 20 | Manual Delivery Confirmation volume stimulated and clearly caused by the zero price          |  |  |
| 21 | experiment thereby excluding it from the calculation of the cost coverage ratio of the       |  |  |

Manual Delivery Confirmation service to which the experiment applies -- the Postal

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Service is able to say that the service will generate a cost coverage of 115.1% for the 1 2 year. USPS-T-1, last line of Workpaper, page 2 of 4. I recalculate below the cost caused by the experiment with one change from Dr. 3 4 O'Hara -- attribution to Manual Delivery Confirmation, where the Commission has said it 5 belongs, of the increase in the non-electronic portion of Manual Delivery Confirmation 6 cost resulting from the volume stimulation caused by the zero price experiment: Lost revenue from foregone sales at \$0.40.....\$1,332,998; 7 (a) 8 (b) Half the cost of informing customers.....\$ 75,000; 9 (c) Non-electronic Manual Delivery Confirmation cost caused 10 Total cost "caused by" the experiment to be borne by Manual Delivery Confirmation......\$8,006,172. 11 (d) 12 The difference between these numbers and Dr. O'Hara's approach is in line item (c), 13 14 which I have attributed to Manual Delivery Confirmation, as required by Commission precedent, and which Dr. O'Hara has attributed to Priority Mail. This is an economic 15 16 cost "caused" by the experiment and properly attributable to Manual Delivery 17 Confirmation. That contrasts with Dr. O'Hara's unexplained decision to depart from 18 Commission precedent and attribute it instead to Priority Mail. 19 Dr. O'Hara also inexplicably shifted \$1,153,043 (3,332,494 times \$0.346) of the non-electronic component of the cost of Manual Delivery Confirmation to Priority Mail 20 21 and away from Manual Delivery Confirmation. This is the cost of the Manual Delivery 22 Confirmation transactions that would have taken place and that would have been borne 23 by the service in the absence of the experiment, but which, as a result only of the proposed free offering, simply disappears as a Manual Delivery Confirmation cost and 24 25 then, supposedly, rematerializes as a cost of Priority Mail. On its face, the rationale

appears to be that the announcement of a price experiment for a service "causes" costs to move from that service to another class of service to be recovered by other

customers.

The foregoing has accepted several assumptions by Dr. O'Hara whose basis is not set forth or with which I do not necessarily agree — the division of the cost of informing users between Priority Mail and Manual Delivery Confirmation instead of assigning all of the cost to Manual Delivery Confirmation, the assumption about how much volume will be stimulated, and others. Even accepting these questionable assumptions, the core difference in our estimates of the cost impact of the experiment centers on the attribution of the non-electronic portion of the added cost of the Manual Delivery Confirmation service stimulated by the experiment. I believe Dr. O'Hara's treatment leads to a misallocation of economic cost, cross-subsidy, and a burden on other postal users.

I conclude that the costs of the experiment, when properly recognized, will result in a loss of at least \$5.2 million for the year and a cost coverage of only 79% for Manual Delivery Confirmation service, in clear violation of the statute.

O'Hara's estimated non-electronic cost of Manual Delivery Confirmation of around \$0.35 and a current price of \$0.40, the contribution per transaction is around \$0.05. The lost revenue (\$1.3 million) and the added cost (\$8.1 million) of the experiment combine to a total cost of \$9.4 million. For this experiment to recoup its cost, the volume of Manual Delivery Confirmation service for Priority Mail would have to increase by about

1 188 million units. Since current annual volume is in the range of 52 million units, this is 2 indeed a formidable requirement.

Finally, I note that Dr. O'Hara's analysis suggests that the total cost of Manual

Delivery Confirmation as recorded in the Postal Service's accounts will actually

decrease by \$1.15 million even though volume is assumed to increase by 19 million

transactions.

Once again, a reduction in the scale or scope of the experiment does not change the basic underlying fact: the additional volume stimulated will be given away at less than its attributable cost, and the cost coverage for Manual Delivery Confirmation will be eroded below the level required by the statute. In fact, even assuming a "scaled-down" cost of the experiment of only \$1,138,439 (see Response to Hearing Questions, Response to Question 2), an additional 22.8 million Manual Delivery Confirmation transactions would have to be generated after the experiment to pay for it. That represents a volume increase of almost 44%, a volume increase that is highly unlikely, to say the least.

## VII. THE PROPOSED RATE WOULD BE ANTICOMPETITIVE.

Section 3622(b)(4) of the Postal Reorganization Act requires consideration of the impact of the proposed rate "upon the general public, business mail users, and enterprises in the private sector of the economy engaged in the delivery of mail matter other than letters."

While the Commission has, and should have, no obligation to protect specific competitors of the Postal Service from the rigors of healthy rivalry in the marketplace, the statutory monopoly of the Postal Service over letter mail creates the familiar

- opportunity for rates to embody cross subsidies from monopoly to competitive services.
- 2 To the extent that competitive services offered by the Postal Service do not cover
- 3 costs, appropriately defined and determined, the offering can be expected to harm the
- 4 competitive process that the Postal Reorganization Act and other laws are designed to
- 5 protect.

already paying for the service.

Dr. O'Hara characterizes the experimental gift of Manual Delivery Confirmation service as consistent with similar practice elsewhere in the economy. USPS-T-1 at 13. It is notable, though, that the specific example Dr. O'Hara cites is very different in important ways from the instant case. Cable television operators and their program suppliers sometimes offer premium channels to prospective customers for a limited time free of charge. However, since the cost of that offer is not assured to be recovered by other customers and any losses therefrom are assured to be borne by private shareholders, managers have a clear and compelling incentive to make sure the offer will have a positive financial impact. Moreover, it is also notable that, unlike with the instant experiment, the cable offer is typically not extended to customers who are

A private firm would have strong incentives not to undertake the kind of experiment offered here, given the degree of uncertainty present about the success of the experiment or the potential for cost savings or improved customer service quality if the experiment is successful.

Though the total costs of the experiment and their misallocation may be relatively small in the context of a \$70 billion revenue stream, that is not an adequate defense for the potentially anticompetitive impacts of a not demonstrably effective, poorly designed

pricing experiment that fails to cover its economic costs. Nor is the disclaimer of its

proponents with respect to anticompetitive intent (USPS-T-1 at 14) sufficient to offset its

anticompetitive impact. To the extent that a service offering fails to cover its economic

cost and for that reason diverts traffic from lower cost competitors unable to draw

5 support from a protected monopoly service, there will be a well-known deadweight

efficiency loss to the economy from resource misallocation.

The potential impact in the marketplace and on competition of the Commission's decision on this proposal may be significant, notwithstanding the characterization by its proponents of the small size of the revenues and costs projected to be involved. The Commission with its decision here will send an important signal not only about its views of this proposal, but also about Postal Service prospects for similar, future ones as well. The decision here will have precedential value for consideration downstream of proposals involving uncertain revenue, cost, and overall financial consequences in a competitive environment. The proposal to take to zero the rate for a costly and valuable service and thereby eliminate a lawful fee for a competitive service during the heaviest mailing season of the year is a serious one, regardless of its relative scale in the context of the overall size of the Postal Service.

In short, it is important for public policy purposes that the Commission get this one right.

## VIII. CONCLUSION

The proposed experiment's benefits are overstated and not measured. The costs are understated. To the extent that this experiment does not cover the costs caused by it, as opposed to a fictional accounting allocation of those costs, the offering

- 1 is clearly anticompetitive and will be a burden on monopoly ratepayers or users of other
- 2 services. The description of the proposal and its analysis offers vagueness, ambiguity,
- 3 and conjecture, where the gravity of the issues raised by it require care, precision, and
- 4 analytical rigor.

| 1  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Would counsel who wish to            |
|----|--|
| 2  | conduct oral cross-examination please identify yourselves at |
| 3  | this time for the record?                                    |
| 4  | MR. HESELTON: Commissioner Covington, the Postal             |
| 5  | Service has some cross-examination for this witness.         |
| 6  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: That is Mr. Frank                    |
| 7  | Heselton of the United States Postal Service.                |
| 8  | MS. DREIFUSS: The OCA has only one or two                    |
| 9  | questions for the witness.                                   |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: And that is Ms. Shelley              |
| 11 | Dreifuss of the Postal Rate Commission's Office of Consumer  |
| 12 | Advocate.  |
| 13 | Very well. We will begin with cross-examination              |
| 14 | by United States Postal Service. Mr. Heselton, you may       |
| 15 | proceed.   |
| 16 | MR. HESELTON: Thank you, Commissioner.                       |
| 17 | CROSS-EXAMINATION  |
| 18 | BY MR. HESELTON:   |
| 19 | Q Good morning, Dr. Darby.                                   |
| 20 | A Good morning, Mr. Heselton.                                |
| 21 | Q I'm Frank Heselton representing the Postal                 |
| 22 | Service. Could you turn, please, to page 19 of your          |
| 23 | testimony and specifically to line 11 on that page where you |
| 24 | indicate a cost of the experiment of \$1,138,439 that you    |
|    |  |

obtained from the response of Witness O'Hara to Question No.

25

- 1 2, which has been entered into the record this morning.
- 2 A Yes, sir.
- 3 O What I'd like to do would be to focus your
- 4 attention on the page of that response to Question 2 from
- 5 which you obtained that number, specifically page 2 of Dr.
- 6 O'Hara's response to Question 2, Section B.
- 7 MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, may I ask for an
- 8 identification of the material again?
- 9 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton, can you
- 10 direct us to --
- 11 MR. HESELTON: Certainly, Mr. Commissioner. What
- we're talking about here, as I indicated, is page 19, line
- 13 11, of the witness' testimony, Witness Darby's testimony,
- 14 and page 2 -- let me make sure. Page 2 of the response of
- 15 Postal Service Witness O'Hara to questions from Postal Rate
- 16 Commissioners posed at the October 23, 2001, hearing and
- specifically Question 2 of that response and page 2 of that
- 18 response.
- 19 MR. MCKEEVER: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.
- 20 THE WITNESS: I believe I have that reference.
- MR. HESELTON: Okay. More specifically, this is a
- 22 page with a number of numbers presented on it.
- 23 MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, page 2 of my copy
- of Dr. O'Hara's response to Question 2 has only one figure
- on it, the \$1,138,439. There is an additional page, a

- 1 couple of pages, with numbers on it. I don't know if that's
- what counsel is referring to or not.
- 3 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton, could you
- 4 let Dr. Darby see what it is in hard copy, see what it is
- 5 that you're referring to at the present time? I think
- there's some confusion even on the bench as to where you're
- 7 at.
- 8 MR. HESELTON: Okay. This page 2 is a page which
- 9 corresponds to the witness' original work papers.
- 10 MR. MCKEEVER: I believe I now, Mr. Commissioner,
- 11 understand what counsel is intending to refer to, and I
- believe it's the fourth page of the response to Question 2
- or the last page of that response, I guess. Maybe it's
- 14 easier to identify it that way.
- MR. HESELTON: That is correct, Commissioner
- 16 Covington. It is the fourth page of the response, but it's
- page 2 of the sets of tables that were attached to that
- 18 response.
- 19 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay.
- MR. HESELTON: I hope that clarifies matters.
- 21 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Dr. Darby, are you
- 22 wish us now?
- 23 THE WITNESS: I believe I am, Commissioner.
- 24 Counsel confirmed that the page I've turned to is the same
- 25 as he was showing to me.

| 1  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. I think he's with              |
|----|--|
| 2  | you now, Mr. Heselton.                                       |
| 3  | MR. HESELTON: Thank you, Commissioner.                       |
| 4  | BY MR. HESELTON:   |
| 5  | Q Since this number is now in evidence, what I would         |
| 6  | like to do, Dr. Darby, is to turn to your page 17 in your    |
| 7  | testimony and specifically lines 7 to 12 on that page        |
| 8  | A Yes, sir.  |
| 9  | Q and to see if we can in straightforward                    |
| 10 | fashion, using the scheme of analysis that you have          |
| 11 | developed yourself on page 17, fold the numbers that are     |
| 12 | presented on Question 2, page 2 of the attachment, into that |
| 13 | analysis. Specifically I'd like to start with line 7 where   |
| 14 | there's an indication there of lost revenue from foregone    |
| 15 | sales from the experiment.                                   |
| 16 | Looking at page 2 of the attachment to Witness               |
| 17 | O'Hara's response to Question 2, there is a number there of  |
| 18 | revenue not received on this manual DC usage at 40 cents of  |
| 19 | \$158,627. I take it if you were to update your analysis for |
| 20 | the evidence entered this morning that that \$158,627 would  |
| 21 | be an appropriate entry under line 7(a) to reflect the       |
| 22 | difference?  |
| 23 | MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, I object to the              |
| 24 | use of the term update. The Postal Service has not done      |
| 25 | anything to amend its request yet in this case. While Dr.    |

- 1 O'Hara has stated in his response to this question that the
- 2 Postal Service would prefer to scale down the experiment, it
- hasn't indicated whether that's what it is requesting the
- 4 Commission to do or not. The request that is on the table
- 5 before the Commission right now is, of course, embodied in
- 6 the Postal Service's formal request, which is for a
- 7 nationwide experiment.
- Now, I take it that the Postal Service would
- 9 prefer, to use its term, to use a scaled down experiment.
- 10 I'm not sure if they're asking the Commission to approve
- 11 either the nationwide experiment or the scaled down one. My
- 12 assumption, since they haven't amended their request, is
- 13 that they still want the authority to go ahead with the
- 14 nationwide experiment.
- Now, we have no problem with stipulating that the
- number that counsel used, \$158,627, is the analog to the
- 17 \$1,332,998 on line 7 of Dr. Darby's testimony, but to use
- the term update I think is somewhat confusing because we're
- 19 not clear whether it's an update or just further
- 20 information.
- I have no objection really to the substance of the
- 22 question, but I just don't want to mislead anyone concerning
- 23 what the Postal Service is proposing, which I believe is a
- 24 nationwide experiment, but I'm not sure.
- 25 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton?

- MR. HESELTON: Yes, Commissioner. Perhaps I could
- 2 just simplify this by changing the word update in my
- 3 question to alternative presentation so that we can avoid
- 4 the issues raised by counsel for United Parcel Service.
- 5 MR. MCKEEVER: We would agree to that, Mr.
- 6 Commissioner. We think that's a proper question, and the
- answer is obvious, but, yes, we have no objection.
- 8 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay, Mr. McKeever.
- 9 You can proceed, Mr. Heselton.
- 10 BY MR. HESELTON:
- 11 Q Dr. Darby, my question to you was if you were to
- 12 use the numbers from the alternative presentation on page 2
- of the attachment to Question 2 of Dr. O'Hara's response to
- 14 the Commissioners' questions that in line 7(a) the number
- that would fit in there would be the \$158,627 from Section B
- of that page. Is that correct?
- 17 A Let me do the arithmetic. My number, sir, for
- 18 line 7, Lost Revenue from Foregone Sales at 40 Cents Per
- 19 Unit, \$1,332,998, was derived by multiplying 40 cents times
- the foregone volume of 3,332,998.
- I understand that the experiment or the suggested
- 22 revision to the experiment would scale it down to one-
- 23 eighth, so I think the correct number, the corrected number
- on the premise of your question, would be one-eighth the
- 25 size of what I have entered there.

- I have not done that arithmetic. If that
- 2 corresponds with Dr. O'Hara's calculation then I would agree
- 3 that we're on the same page.
- 4 Q And agreed on the same number?
- 5 A My ball park just in my head looking at it quickly
- 6 looks like it's going to be very, very, very, close.
- 7 Q Okay. I think that's an answer that satisfies me.
- 8 In fact, the scale is a little bit different than the one-
- 9 eighth, but very close.
- Going now to -- well, let's take it this way.
- 11 Looking at that same page on the attachment to Dr. O'Hara's
- response that we've been looking at, but going above to
- 13 Section A, there is a revenue figure for manual delivery
- 14 confirmation on Priority Mail paying the 40 cent fee of
- 15 \$20,888,507. Do you see that?
- 16 A That's on the page preceding the one we just
- 17 addressed?
- 18 O It's on page 2 of the attachment to Dr. O'Hara's
- 19 response, the same page that the \$158,627 that we just
- 20 discussed came from.
- 21 A Okay. I'm sorry. Please ask the question again.
- 22 I'm sorry. I was looking for pages.
- 23 Q Okay. What I'm looking at on that page and
- 24 directing your attention to is a number up in Part A, the
- 25 line Manual Delivery Conformation on Priority Mail Paying

- 1 the 40 Cent Fee, and specifically the revenue number there
- of \$20,888,507. Do you see that number?
- 3 A Yes, sir, I do see that number.
- 4 Q Incidentally, I believe that number was the same
- 5 number that was in Dr. O'Hara's original work papers.
- Now, I would take it that to get the revenue from
- 7 the experiment, assuming the downsized figure for revenue
- 8 not received that we just discussed of \$158,627, that to
- 9 calculate the revenue after the experiment one would simply
- 10 take the \$158,627 and subtract that from the \$20,888,507.
- 11 Is that correct?
- MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, I'm just confused
- by the term revenue from the experiment. The experiment
- 14 proposes no fee, which would mean it would generate no
- 15 revenue.
- 16 MR. HESELTON: That's right. The revenue not
- 17 received because of the no fee feature.
- MR. MCKEEVER: May I ask, Mr. Commissioner, that
- 19 the question be restated then in light of that?
- 20 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton, could you
- 21 restate that question?
- MR. HESELTON: Certainly.
- BY MR. HESELTON:
- 24 Q What I'm suggesting is that if one starts with the
- 25 figure of revenue from manual delivery confirmation before

- 1 the experiment of \$20,888,507 and subtracts from that the
- 2 figure that we've alluded to of revenue not received from
- 3 manual delivery confirmation usage at 40 cents of \$158,627
- 4 that the difference will be the revenue to be received from
- 5 delivery confirmation after the downsized experiment is
- 6 implemented. Is that correct?
- 7 A Sir, if I understand the logic I believe that's
- 8 correct.
- 9 Q And in fact I've performed that calculation, and I
- arrive at a figure of \$20,729,880 as the revenue received
- 11 from delivery confirmation service after the downsized
- 12 experiment. Is that correct?
- 13 A Could you repeat that question please?
- 14 Q Certainly.
- MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, if I may save
- 16 some time, I think that calculation is shown on the bottom
- of the same page, so we would agree to the math there. It's
- 18 right on the same page.
- MR. HESELTON: That's correct. That's right at
- 20 the bottom of the --
- THE WITNESS: It's \$20,729,880, and all of these
- 22 numbers again I understand are being driven by a
- 23 proportionate downsizing of all of Dr. O'Hara's initial work
- 24 papers.
- MR. HESELTON: That's the premise of my questions

- 1 to you, yes.
- THE WITNESS: Okay. That's fine, sir. Thank you.
- BY MR. HESELTON:
- 4 Q Let's turn now to line 8 of your testimony on page
- 5 17. There you've indicated and included a figure of half
- 6 the cost of informing customers of the delivery confirmation
- 7 experiment.
- Parallel to what we've done on line 8 there, I'd
- 9 like to get some agreement on the figure that would be
- appropriate to enter there from the downsized experiment,
- 11 but let's make it easy in this case because your testimony
- indicates that you don't necessarily agree that only half
- 13 the cost should be put there.
- Let's take a look at once again going back to page
- 2 of the attachment to Dr. O'Hara's response to Question 2
- and directing your attention there once again in Section B
- under Cost, the cost of informing customers of \$17,850.
- 18 Would that be the appropriate figure, in your view, to enter
- into line B for the purpose of updating your exercise? I'm
- 20 sorry. I used the wrong word. Adjusting your exercise on
- 21 page 17 to the downsized experiment.
- 22 Once again, this is the full cost of informing
- 23 customers rather than the half that you have indicated
- 24 there.
- 25 A I'm not sure of the derivation of the -- it's hard

- 1 to read it. \$17,850?
- 2 Q That's correct.
- A \$17,850. Again consistent with my understanding
- 4 of the changes in Dr. O'Hara's original work papers to
- 5 conform to the proposed downsizing of the experiment, I
- 6 think I would be inclined, subject to the reservations I
- 7 made earlier about the attribution of half, only \$75,000,
- 8 subject to that reservation, that the premise of one-eighth
- 9 of that number is a ball park number that would be
- 10 consistent with my earlier comments.
- 11 Again, I haven't done the arithmetic, but quickly
- 12 it looks like one-eighth of \$75,000 is on the order of
- 13 \$9,000 and change. You have the entire \$17,850. You've
- attributed that, so in principle I am agreeable.
- 15 Q Let's proceed then to line 9 and Part C of your
- testimony on page 17 and perform a parallel adjustment
- 17 there. In this case, once again to make it simple in terms
- of the numbers here, you've indicated there that you've got
- 19 the non-electronic manual delivery confirmation costs caused
- 20 by the experiment.
- Just to make this simple, why don't we consider
- 22 picking up for the downsized experiment the non-electronic
- 23 manual delivery cost, essentially the full cost, including
- 24 the electronic, from the experiment. That would appear to
- 25 be a number once again in Part B on page 2 of the attachment

- 1 to Dr. O'Hara's response to Question 2 labeled Full Cost,
- 2 Including Electronic, of Additional Usage, a figure of
- 3 \$961,692. Do you see that figure?
- 4 A Yes, sir, I do.
- 5 Q And once again that would be the appropriate
- figure reflecting the effects of the downsized experiment to
- 7 enter into or consistent with your testimony at line C,
- 8 noting in fact that it includes not only the non-electronic
- 9 costs, but also the electronic costs?
- 10 A Counsel, if I understand what you're saying
- 11 consistently with my previous testimony and today and my
- 12 understanding that we're downsizing by roughly a factor of
- one-eighth, you're suggesting to me that one-eighth of
- 14 \$6,598,000 is a subset of the \$961,000, and you have added
- additional costs to that as well. That's consistent with my
- understanding of the testimony and consistent with my
- 17 contentions that I had earlier with it.
- 18 Q Thank you, Doctor. Let's confirm what you've said
- 19 here. We've got \$158,627 entered in on the line with A,
- 20 \$17,850 for line B, \$961,962 for line C, and when you total
- 21 those numbers I believe you get \$1,138,439.
- MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, I hesitate to
- 23 interject, but the Commission does have a rule that
- 24 indicates that counsel should provide in advance a cross-
- examination exhibit when counsel intends to use an exhibit

| 1 that involves mathematical examp | oles |
|------------------------------------|------|
|------------------------------------|------|

- I hesitate to say these are complex, but they are confusing at least the way it's been posed so far. It would have been far easier if counsel had provided that in advance
- and asked our witness to be prepared to confirm the numbers
- 6 instead of going through the somewhat painful process of
- 7 doing it here.
- I am prepared to stipulate that if you add the
- 9 three numbers that counsel has stated you come up with the
- 10 cost that Dr. O'Hara identified as the cost of the
- experiment, \$1,138,439, if that will make things easier.
- 12 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton?
- MR. HESELTON: Well, Commissioner, that's exactly
- 14 the point I was getting to. The additions or the
- differences that we've made here in lines A, B and C do add
- in fact to the total cost experiment number that Dr. Darby
- has cited on page 19 of his testimony, line 11.
- I think, therefore, it sets the witness at ease
- 19 that in fact the numbers that we've been talking about for
- 20 Sections A, B and C do in fact tie in all respects to the
- 21 information presented in the attachment that Dr. O'Hara has
- 22 presented.
- 23 I'm almost at the end of my chain of questions
- 24 here with regard to this matter. I would like to note
- 25 further that if one takes the -- let me pose this in the

- 1 form of a question.
- 2 BY MR. HESELTON:
- 3 Q You've dealt with the revenue side. Let's take a
- 4 look at the cost side and specifically the cost for delivery
- 5 confirmation, assuming a downsized experiment.
- 6 I'm looking here at a cost figure. Once again
- 7 this is on page 2 of the attachment to Dr. O'Hara's response
- 8 to Question 2, Dr. Darby. Looking in Section A there, do
- 9 you see a figure under Manual Delivery Confirmation Cost of
- 10 \$18,068,559?
- 11 A Yes, counselor, I do.
- 12 Q I take it then if one adds to that figure the two
- changes in cost that we've been discussing on B and C in
- 14 your testimony that one will achieve a cost figure of about
- 15 \$19,048,371?
- 16 A Again, I trust your arithmetic. You're adding to
- 17 \$18,068,559 the number \$1,138,431?
- 18 Q No. We've already taken care of the revenue side
- 19 by subtracting from the revenue for delivery confirmation
- 20 before the experiment, the \$158,627 --
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q -- so at this point we're simply dealing with
- 23 the two numbers on the cost side, the \$17,850 and the
- 24 \$961,962 --
- 25 A Okay.

- 1 Q -- and subtracting those or adding those rather to
- 2 the cost.
- A Again, subject to the reservations I expressed
- 4 earlier with the initial calculations and my understanding
- 5 that we're talking ball park one-eighth of the original,
- 6 that's correct, sir.
- 7 Q The result of this would be then that if you've
- 8 got a revenue as we indicated after the downsized experiment
- 9 of \$20,729,880 and one divides that by a cost after the
- downsized experiment of \$19,048,371 that that would yield a
- 11 cost contribution above 100, basically about 1.088. Is that
- 12 correct?
- 13 A If I understand correctly, you have divided the
- 14 revenue to which I agreed by the cost to which I have
- 15 agreed, and trusting your arithmetic I will consent to the
- 16 1.07.
- 17 O 1.088 as I calculate it.
- 18 A 1.088. Again, I see Dr. O'Hara nodding his head.
- 19 He must have done the numbers, and I assume they're correct.
- 20 MR. HESELTON: The Postal Service has no further
- 21 cross-examination.
- 22 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay, Mr. Heselton.
- 23 Thanks.
- We will continue with cross-examination now by
- 25 counsel for the Office of Consumer Advocate.

- 1 MS. DREIFUSS: Commissioner Covington, in light of
- 2 Mr. Heselton's cross-examination I do not need to ask any
- 3 further questions.
- 4 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Is there any
- 5 follow up cross-examination?
- 6 (No response.)
- 7 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: At this time I'd like to
- 8 ask if there are questions from my colleagues on the bench
- 9 for this witness, for Dr. Darby?
- 10 (No response.)
- 11 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Mr. McKeever,
- 12 would you like some time with Dr. Darby to review whether
- 13 there's a need for redirect at this time?
- MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, we have no
- 15 redirect.
- 16 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. In light of that,
- 17 Mr. Darby, that completes your testimony here today. We
- 18 appreciate your appearance and your contribution to our
- 19 record. Thank you. At this time you are excused.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you very much, sir.
- 21 (Witness excused.)
- 22 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: The Office of Consumer
- 23 Advocate has filed the testimony of one witness, Ms. Kathie
- 24 Klass, as its case in chief in this case. Ms. Dreifuss, I
- 25 see that you have had your witness take the stand, and I

| 1  | assume we're ready to proceed.                        |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|
| 2  | MS. DREIFUSS: Yes, we are.                            |  |  |
| 3  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Ms. Klass, would you mind     |  |  |
| 4  | standing a moment?                                    |  |  |
| 5  | Whereupon,  |  |  |
| 6  | KATHIE KLASS  |  |  |
| 7  | having been duly sworn, was called as a witness       |  |  |
| 8  | and was examined and testified as follows:            |  |  |
| 9  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Thank you. At this time,      |  |  |
| 10 | Ms. Dreifuss, you may proceed.                        |  |  |
| 11 | MS. DREIFUSS: Thank you, Commissioner Covington.      |  |  |
| 12 | (The document referred to was                         |  |  |
| 13 | marked for identification as                          |  |  |
| 14 | Exhibit No. OCA-T-1.)                                 |  |  |
| 15 | DIRECT EXAMINATION                                    |  |  |
| 16 | BY MS. DREIFUSS:                                      |  |  |
| 17 | Q Mr. Klass, do you have before you two copies of a   |  |  |
| 18 | document entitled Direct Testimony of Kathie J. Klass |  |  |
| 19 | designated as OCA-T-1?                                |  |  |
| 20 | A Yes, I do.  |  |  |
| 21 | Q Did you prepare this document, or was it prepared   |  |  |
| 22 | under your supervision?                               |  |  |
| 23 | THE REPORTER: Could you turn your microphone on?      |  |  |
| 24 | MS. DREIFUSS: Should I ask the questions again?       |  |  |
| 25 | THE REPORTER: Yes.                                    |  |  |

| 1  |           | BY MS. DREIFUSS:                                   |
|----|-----------|--|
| 2  | Q         | Ms. Klass, do you have before you two copies of a  |
| 3  | document  | entitled Direct Testimony of Kathie J. Klass?      |
| 4  | А         | Yes, I do.   |
| 5  | Q         | And this document has been designated OCA-T-1, has |
| 6  | it not?   |  |
| 7  | А         | Yes, it has.                                       |
| 8  | Q         | Did you prepare this testimony, or was it prepared |
| 9  | under you | r supervision?                                     |
| 10 | А         | Yes, I did.  |
| 11 | Q         | Do you adopt this as your testimony today?         |
| 12 | A         | Yes, I do.   |

evidence and transcribed for the record.

Covington, I ask that these two copies be entered into

In that case, Commissioner

COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. At this time are

17 there any objections?

MR. MCKEEVER: No objection.

MS. DREIFUSS:

19 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton?

MR. HESELTON: No objection.

21 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Hearing none, I will

22 direct counsel to provide the reporter with two copies of

23 the direct testimony of Ms. Kathie J. Klass. That testimony

is received into evidence and will be transcribed into the

25 record.

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| 1  |    | (The document referred to, |
|----|----|----------------------------|
| 2  |    | previously identified as   |
| 3  |    | Exhibit No. OCA-T-1, was   |
| 4  |    | received in evidence.)     |
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OCA-T-1 Docket Nos. R2001-2 MC2001-2

### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

**OF** 

KATHIE J. KLASS

# ON BEHALF OF THE OFFICE OF THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE

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# OF KATHIE J. KLASS

| 1  | I. STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS   |
|----|--|
| 2  | My name is Kathie J. Klass. I am a Consumer Professional in the Office of the              |
| 3  | Consumer Advocate (OCA). I began my employment at the Postal Rate Commission               |
| 4  | on October 9, 2001.  |
| 5  | Prior to my employment with the Postal Rate Commission, from November 1993                 |
| 6  | January 2001, I served as Chief, Consumer Information Division for the National            |
| 7  | Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) at the U.S. Department of                    |
| 8  | Transportation. From January 1990 – November 1993, I was the Executive Vice                |
| 9  | President of the Fight Back! Foundation for Consumer Education. During the 80's, I         |
| 10 | served as Executive Officer of the California Consumer Advisory Council in the             |
| 11 | California Department of Consumer Affairs. I began my career as Consumer                   |
| 12 | Coordinator for Santa Cruz County Consumer Affairs, in the District Attorney's Office.     |
| 13 | I received my MA in 1975 and my BA in 1973 from California State University at             |
| 14 | San Jose, San Jose, California.  |
| 15 | II. PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF TESTIMONY   |
| 16 | The purpose of my testimony is to support the proposed Suspension of the Fee               |
| 17 | for Manual Delivery Confirmation Service for Priority Mail.                                |
| 18 | OCA has a history of supporting the extension of Delivery Confirmation benefits            |
| 19 | to Priority Mail users. In Docket No. R2000-1, for example, OCA proposed extending         |
| 20 | the fee-free Electronic Delivery Confirmation Service to individual users of Priority Mail |
| 21 | (Initial Brief of the OCA at 211-213, filed September 13, 2000). I commend the Postal      |

Docket Nos. R2001-2 MC2001-2

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- 1 Service's proposal to offer free Manual Delivery Confirmation for the first 16 days of
- 2 December. It is my hope that this trial proves fruitful for the Postal Service and that the
- 3 free Manual Delivery Confirmation will be a permanent addition to Priority Mail.

#### 4 III. CLASSIFICATION CHANGES BENEFICIAL TO CONSUMERS

Witness O'Hara has testified that the advantages of this proposal may not be fully realized in the upcoming holiday season when free Manual Delivery Confirmation is first introduced. He indicates that the Postal Service may wish to make free Manual Delivery Confirmation available permanently on a seasonal basis (Tr. 2/99 and 157), an idea I endorse. The long-term benefits of a permanent seasonal classification are the possibility of reduced supplemental air transportation expenses (Tr. 2/111) and savings in clerk and carrier overtime (USPS-T-1 at 5).

Counsel for the Postal Service indicated during oral argument that the Postal Service is even considering rolling Manual Delivery Confirmation Service into Priority Mail as is done with Electronic Delivery Confirmation (Tr. 1/12). I strongly endorse a classification of this kind.

I was gratified by Dr. O'Hara's testimony that he is devoting attention to reducing costs for retail customers (Tr. 2/127). I am hopeful that such reduced costs may result in reduced rates for retail mailers.

#### 19 IV. NO-FEE FREE ELECTRONIC DELIVERY CONFIRMATION

20 In Docket No. R2000-1, OCA urged the Postal Service to offer fee-free
21 Electronic Delivery Confirmation to individual users. I give the Postal Service kudos for
22 now making this possible on their website. Individual users who prepare, print and affix

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1 a Priority Mail Delivery Confirmation label (see Attachment) will obtain Electronic

- 2 Delivery Confirmation free of charge (Tr. 2/45; witness O'Hara's response to
- 3 interrogatory OCA/USPS-T1-1).
- 4 During settlement discussions, OCA asked the Postal Service to consider
- 5 notifying consumers that even after December 16, 2001, they could still obtain free
- 6 Delivery Confirmation by printing a label for Priority Mail/Delivery Confirmation at the
- 7 USPS website. This notice would be incorporated into lobby posters, mail, or whatever
- 8 media the Postal Service uses to inform the public about the suspension of the Manual
- 9 Delivery Confirmation fee. I recommend that the Postal Service adopt this suggestion.

#### V. LEARNING FROM OFFERING

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In my opinion, the trial proposed by the Postal Service provides the consumer

with a valued service and offers the Postal Service the opportunity to perform a market

analysis while facilitating mall delivery earlier in the heavy holiday mailing season. The

14 Postal Service will have the opportunity to evaluate the public's response to free

15 Manual Delivery Confirmation with Priority Mail. A marketing study tends to provide

16 consumer predictions about future actions, but this trial will demonstrate consumers'

17 actual interest in the service.

#### VI. REACTION TO RECENT EVENTS

In light of recent events and with the new safety challenges the Postal Service is

20 facing, this is an appropriate time to offer a new service to consumers to induce them to

mail their holiday packages early. This may allow the Postal Service additional time to

screen packages, and, even if mail is delayed because of new procedures, holiday gifts

Docket Nos. R2001-2 MC2001-2

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- 1 are more likely to arrive in time for the holidays. I support the Postal Service's proposal
- 2 to offer free Manual Delivery Confirmation Service during the holiday season to
- 3 encourage consumers to mail early. I should add, however, that no matter what the
- 4 outcome of this proceeding, I continue to believe that Manual Delivery Confirmation
- 5 should be offered free to consumers of Priority Mail.

#### VII. HOLIDAY MEDIA ATTENTION

As someone who has prepared numerous holiday public relations campaigns, I know that offering this service during the holiday season allows local media to present another angle on their traditional holiday postal stories. From my experience, the offering of free Delivery Confirmation will receive more media attention during the holiday season than it would at any other time of the year. It is important to note that during the holiday season local media typically encourage the mailing of holiday parcels in a timely manner, so all carriers benefit from the added publicity. The media stories promoting early mailing of holiday parcels for the Postal Service also serve as a reminder to consumers to send parcels in timely manner, regardless of the company they choose.

In December, the media look for holiday traditions, which means if the Postal Service introduces free Manual Delivery Confirmation on a permanent seasonal basis to encourage early mailing of holiday packages, consumers will learn to expect the announcement and will be reminded to take advantage of the service.

OCA-T-1

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- 1 VIII. CONCLUSION
- 2 In closing, I support the introduction of free Manual Delivery Confirmation
- 3 Service for this holiday season. With the current safety challenges the Post Office is
- 4 facing, the introduction of free Manual Delivery Confirmation may have an additional
- 5 benefit of encouraging consumers to mail early this year to assure that their holiday
- 6 gifts arrive on time. I recommend that the Postal Service offer permanent free Manual
- 7 Delivery Confirmation with Priority Mail year round. At the very least, I urge the Postal
- 8 Service to offer free Manual Delivery on a permanent seasonal basis.

Docket Nos. R2001-2 MC2001-2 OCA-T-1 Attachment

USPS-Shipping Label

http://www.usps.com/cgi-bin/api/shipping\_label.cgi

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| 1  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Would counsel for                    |
|----|--|
| 2  | participants who wish to conduct oral cross-examination      |
| 3  | please identify yourselves at this time?                     |
| 4  | (No response.)   |
| 5  | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. In light of the                |
| 6  | fact that no party has stated a desire to cross-examine at   |
| 7  | this time, I would like to ask if there are questions from   |
| 8  | the bench?   |
| 9  | (No response.)   |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Very well. At                  |
| 11 | this time we will begin with cross-examination by United     |
| 12 | States Parcel Service. Mr. McKeever?                         |
| 13 | MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, we have no cross-            |
| 14 | examination.   |
| 15 | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton?                        |
| 16 | MR. HESELTON: No cross-examination from the                  |
| 17 | Postal Service, Mr. Commissioner.                            |
| 18 | COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Well, with no cross-                 |
| 19 | examination from anywhere I guess there can't be any         |
| 20 | questions for this witness.                                  |
| 21 | Ms. Klass, noticing that you are new here, you can           |
| 22 | only hope that every time you come into this hearing room it |
| 23 | happens like this.   |
| 24 | Ms. Dreifuss, you don't need any time for                    |

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redirect.

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| 1 | Ms. | Klass, | that | will | complete | your | testimony | here |
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|   |     |        |      |      |          |      |           |      |

- 2 today. We appreciate your showing up and appreciate your
- 3 contribution to our record by way of your testimony that was
- 4 transcribed in. Thank you. You're excused at this time.
- 5 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 6 (Witness excused.)
- 7 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Now, does any participant
- 8 here have anything else to raise here today?
- 9 MR. HESELTON: Mr. Commissioner, the cross-
- 10 examination of Dr. Darby did raise one point that I think at
- some point, and I'm not suggesting today, but at some point
- should be clarified, and that is exactly what is the Postal
- 13 Service now proposing to do in this case.
- As I mentioned, its request asks for authority to
- 15 conduct an experiment on a nationwide scale. Dr. O'Hara, in
- 16 light of thinking this over, has provided an answer to the
- 17 Commission that says that the Postal Service would prefer to
- 18 scale it down. If that is now their new proposal, then I
- 19 think it would be in order for the Postal Service to tell
- 20 the Commission that so the Commission knows what it is being
- 21 asked to approve.
- Absent any amendment to the request, I assume that
- 23 the request is still for a nationwide experiment. If they
- 24 no longer wish that to be their request, then I think they
- should commit to a scaled down experiment so that again when

| 1 | the Commission acts on its proposal the Commission knows the |
|---|--|
| 2 | proposal on which it is acting.                              |
| 3 | My request would be that the Postal Service be               |

My request would be that the Postal Service be instructed to clarify the status of its request with the Commission at some point in the very near future. Other

6 than that, we have no other matters to raise.

7 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton?

MR. HESELTON: Commissioner Covington, the Postal Service has presented evidence that it believes supports a nationwide experiment in delivery confirmation. It's also presented evidence comparable to the evidence that it presented initially, but supporting a scaled down delivery experiment.

The Postal Service believes that the Commission has the evidence that it needs to consider either of the alternatives before it and that there is no need at this point to suggest one as opposed to the other, although the Service, of course, does reserve the right to indicate in its briefs, which come up very shortly, the position that it believes should be taken.

COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. McKeever?

MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, I guess if I understand counsel's remarks he's saying that they're not sure what they're requesting the Commission to do at this point in time, or they're requesting the Commission to

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- approve one or the other. I'm not sure.
- I think again it has to be clear what their
- 3 request is so that we can respond, number one, but, more
- 4 importantly, so the Commission can respond. I think it
- 5 would be inappropriate to make a request that says well,
- 6 approve the nationwide experiment, but if you're not going
- 7 to approve that then, you know, approve something less than
- 8 that.
- I think they owe it to the Commission and to the
- 10 parties to state what it is that they want to do and not
- just leave it up in the air until the may decide in brief to
- 12 say something that we have a few days to respond to in a
- 13 reply brief.
- 14 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Mr. Heselton?
- MR. HESELTON: Well, perhaps this will respond to
- 16 counsel for UPS' concern.
- Dr. O'Hara, when he was on the stand, indicated
- 18 that the Postal Service was considering a scaled down
- 19 experiment because of the difficulties of implementing a
- 20 full nationwide experiment in the shortened time frame that
- 21 remains before December 1 appears on the calendar and
- 22 becomes reality, and so it's the Postal Service's position
- that the emphasis should be on the scaled down experiment
- 24 because that is the one that it can implement by December 1,
- given the expedited schedule set by the Commission in this

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- 1 proceeding, which the Postal Service greatly appreciates.
- 2 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Okay. Mr. McKeever,
- 3 anything before I --
- 4 MR. MCKEEVER: Mr. Commissioner, I don't think
- 5 it's fruitful to prolong it other than to say that I think
- 6 the Postal Service is in essence asking the Commission to
- 7 advocate its responsibility and say just to prove whatever
- 8 we want to do, which I think is inappropriate.
- 9 I don't think it would be fruitful at this point
- in time for me to make any additional remarks. I guess
- we'll just have to deal with the situation as best we can.
- 12 Again, they haven't withdrawn their request for a nationwide
- 13 experiment, --
- 14 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: Right.
- 15 MR. MCKEEVER: -- and so I take it that is still
- 16 pending.
- 17 COMMISSIONER COVINGTON: And I agree, Mr.
- 18 McKeever. In light of the argument and the points that have
- 19 been raised here, I would state that I feel at this time the
- 20 Postal Service need not formally amend its request in this
- 21 manual delivery confirmation issue, and in light of that if
- there are no other matters to be considered in the hearing
- 23 room today this hearing would stand adjourned.
- 24 (Whereupon, at 10:18 a.m. the hearing in the
- 25 above-entitled matter was concluded.)

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| 1      |                | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE   |
| 2      |                |  |
| 3      | DOCKET NO.:    | MC2001-2, R2001-2  |
| 4<br>5 | CASE TITLE:    | Experimental Suspension of Fee for Manual Delivery Confirmation Category |
| 6      | HEARING DATE:  | November 1, 2001   |
| 7      | LOCATION:      | Washington, D.C.   |
| 8      |                |  |
| 9      | I hereby       | certify that the proceedings and evidence are                            |
| 10     | contained full | y and accurately on the tapes and notes                                  |
| 11     | reported by me | e at the hearing in the above case before the                            |
| 12     | Postal Rate Co | ommission.   |
| 13     |                |  |
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| 15     |                | Date: November 1, 2001   |
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