## BEFORE THE POSTAL RATE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20268-0001

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POSTAL RATE COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

POSTAL RATE AND FEE CHANGES, 2000

Docket No. R2000-1

RESPONSES OF UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE WITNESS CAMPBELL TO INTERROGATORIES OF THE OFFICE OF THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE (OCA/USPS-T29-10 THROUGH 12)

The United States Postal Service hereby provides the responses of witness Campbell to the following interrogatories of the Office of the Consumer Advocate: OCA/ USPS-T29-10 through 12, filed on March 13, 2000.

Each interrogatory is stated verbatim and is followed by the response.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

By its attorneys:

Daniel J. Foucheaux, Jr. Chief Counsel, Ratemaking

Michael T. Tidwell

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#### OCA/USPS-T29-10.

Please refer to USPS-LR-I-160, Section C, page 1 and your workpaper IV.

- (a) Does the term "separation" refer to caller number as you use the term in workpaper IV? If not, please explain this term.
- (b) How many pieces of mail are represented by the 2,460 callers and the 5,995 separations?
- (c) Do any classes other than First-Class use caller service? Please explain fully.
- (d) Please provide the total volume of caller service mail for BY 1998 through the test year after rates.

### **RESPONSE:**

- (a) Yes. The term "separation" refers to "caller number" in Campbell Workpaper IV.
- (b) I do not know the answer to this question because I did not collect this data.
- (c) Caller Service does not have any class restrictions. A Caller Service customer may receive any class of mail that he or she would receive in a Post Office box or mailbox.
- (d) The Postal Service does not collect caller service mail volumes.

### **OCA/USPS-T29-11.**

Please refer to your response to interrogatory OCA/USPS-T29-9, <u>Scenario 1</u>. If a QBRM piece were routed to an OCR,

- (a) what are the possible depths of sort that piece might receive?
- (b) would that piece always be routed from the OCR to an outgoing primary BCS?
- (c) would that piece always receive "one extra processing step"?
- (d) Please provide down flow densities for such a piece.
- (e) What proportion of QBRM pieces are "not isolated during the outgoing facing and cancellation operation" for any reason?
- (f) What proportion of QBRM pieces that are "not isolated during the outgoing facing and cancellation operation" have a FIM obscured by a stamp?
- (g) What proportion of BRM pieces are "not isolated during the outgoing facing and cancellation operation" for any reason?
- (h) What proportion of BRM pieces that are "not isolated during the outgoing facing and cancellation operation" have a FIM obscured by a stamp?
- (i) What proportion of CRM pieces are "not isolated during the outgoing facing and cancellation operation" for any reason?
- (j) What proportion of CRM pieces that are "not isolated during the outgoing facing and cancellation operation" have a FIM obscured by a stamp?
- (k) If you are unable to find data responsive to this interrogatory, please explain why the Postal Service does not collect the data.

#### **RESPONSE:**

(a) A QBRM piece routed to an OCR could be sorted to a 3-digit ZIP code, a destinating plant, or a reject bin.

### Response to OCA/USPS-T29-11 (continued)

- (b) A QBRM piece routed to an OCR is not generally routed from the OCR to an outgoing primary BCS.
- (c) No. A QBRM piece routed to an OCR would not always receive one extra processing step.
- (d) Down flow densities for a QBRM piece routed to an OCR are not available.
- (e) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (f) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (g) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (h) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (i) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (j) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (k) The Postal Service does not collect the data because we have not encountered a need for it.

#### OCA/USPS-T29-12.

Please refer to your response to interrogatory OCA/USPS-T29-9, Scenario 2. Please describe in more detail the procedures associated with providing a credit or refund. In particular,

- (a) Must a recipient of BRM request a credit or refund in order to receive one?
- (b) May recipients of BRM place a standing order for a credit or refund?
- (c) What proportion of BRM deliveries involves a credit or refund?
- (d) What proportion of QBRM deliveries involves a credit or refund?
- (e) In calculating a credit or refund, are the number of and amount of postage on BRM pieces counted individually? If not, please describe the calculation procedure.
- (f) Does the Postal Service charge a fee for calculating a credit or refund? If not, why not?

#### RESPONSE:

- (a) My understanding is that a BRM recipient must request a credit or refund in order to receive one.
- (b) My understanding is that a BRM recipient may not place a standing order for a credit or refund.
- (c) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (d) I do not know the answer to this question.
- (e) My understanding is that BRM pieces are individually counted (both number and amount of postage) when calculating a credit or refund.
- (f) Yes. My understanding is that the Postal Service charges a BRM recipient for the work hours needed to process the refund or credit.

### **DECLARATION**

I, Chris F. Campbell, declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing answers are true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Chris F. Campbell

Dated: <u>3-27-00</u>

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon all participants of record in this proceeding in accordance with section 12 of the Rules of Practice.

Michael T. Tidwell

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